

Study of Deformed p-wave Halos at FRIB

Belen Monteagudo
FRIBTA Topical Program (05/22/23)

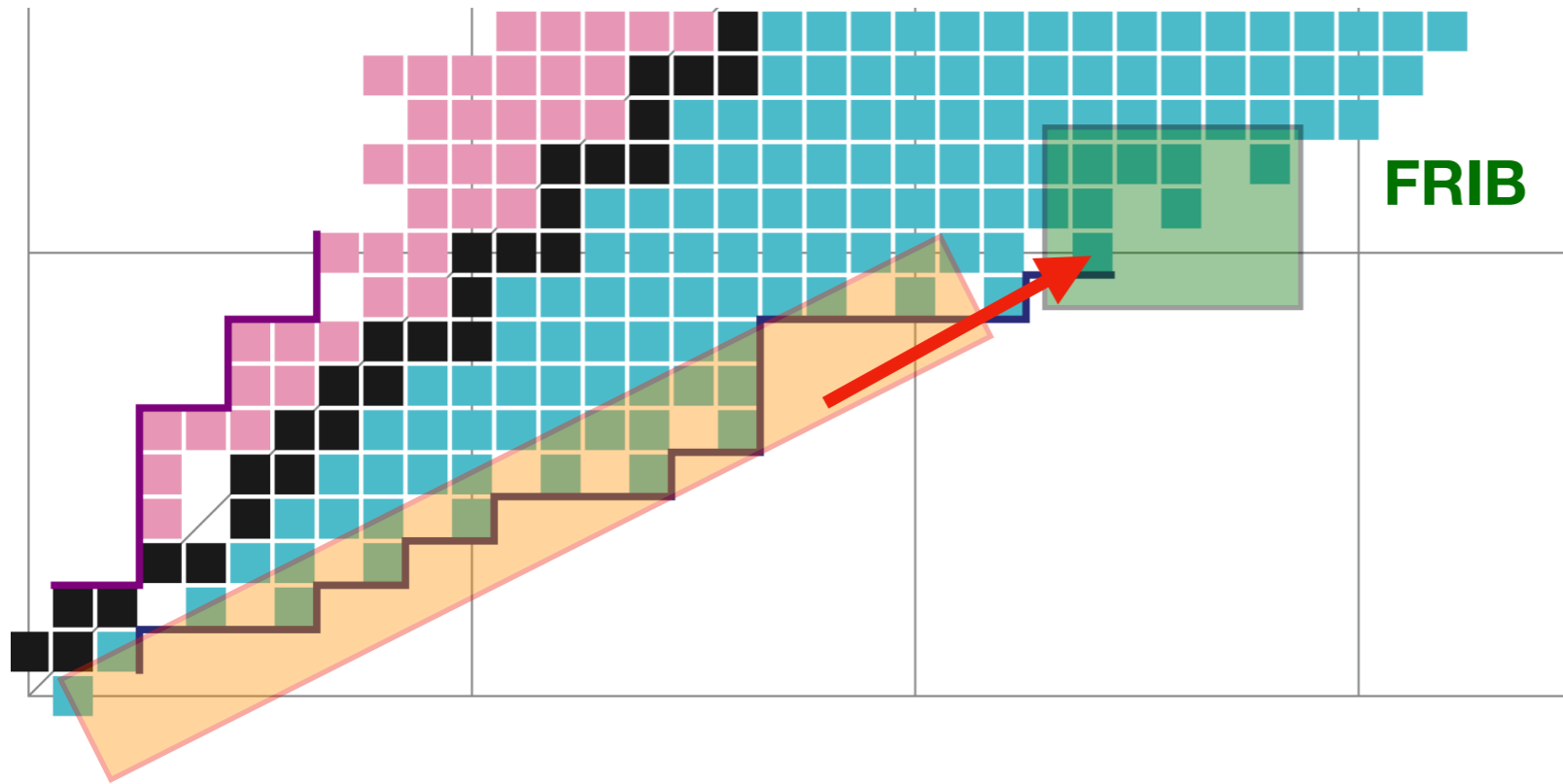


This material is based upon work supported by the National Science Foundation under Grant No. PHYS-2209138

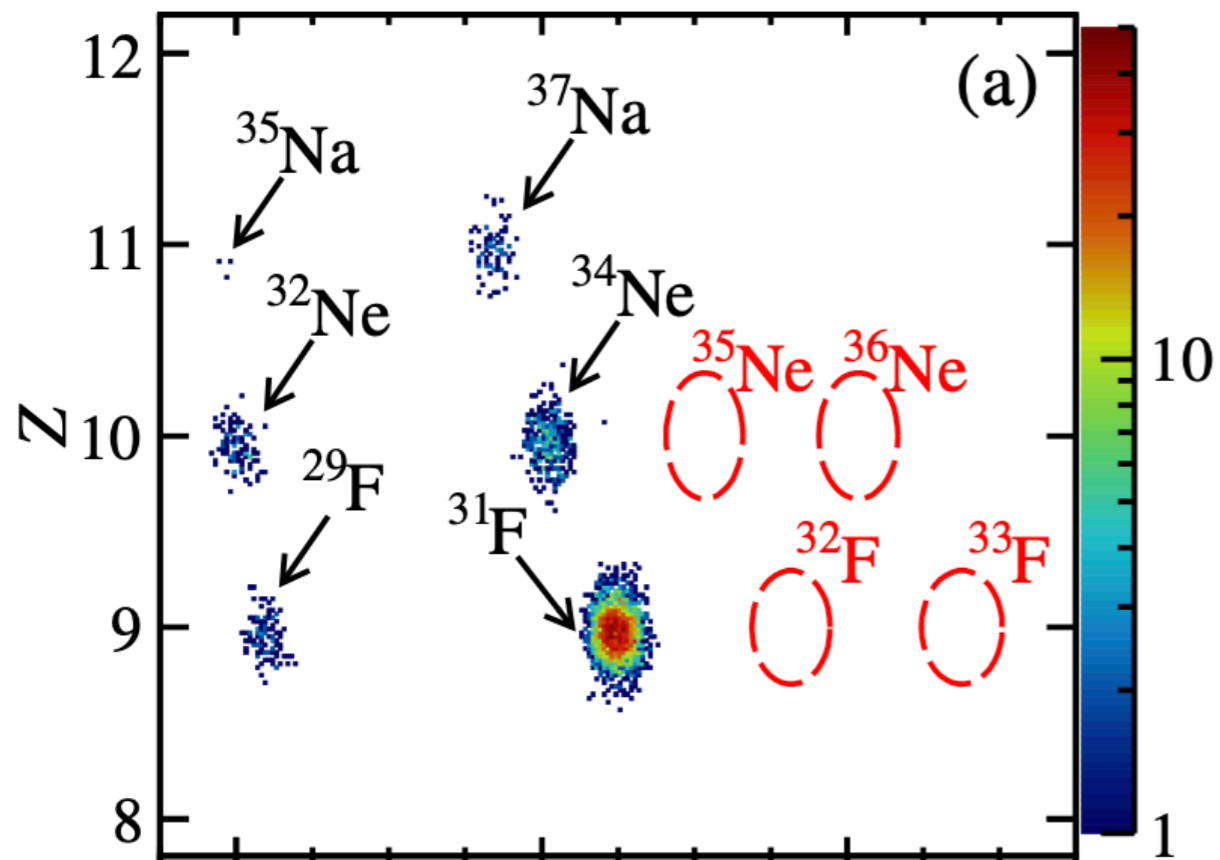
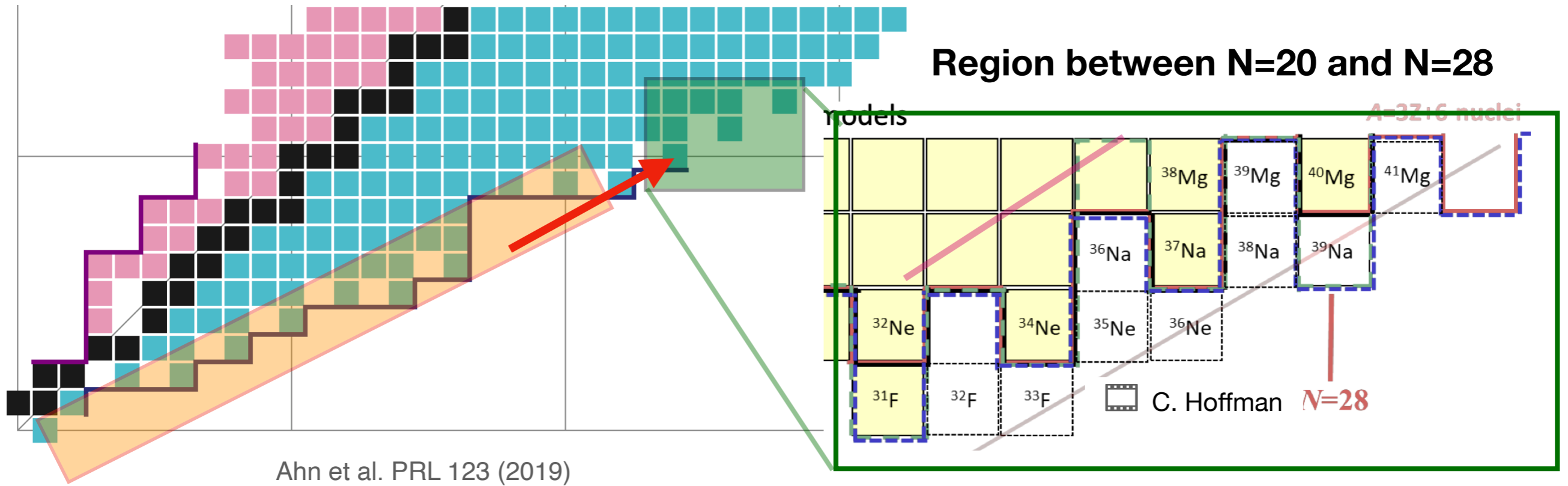
MICHIGAN STATE

UNIVERSITY

Neutron Dripline Physics at FRIB



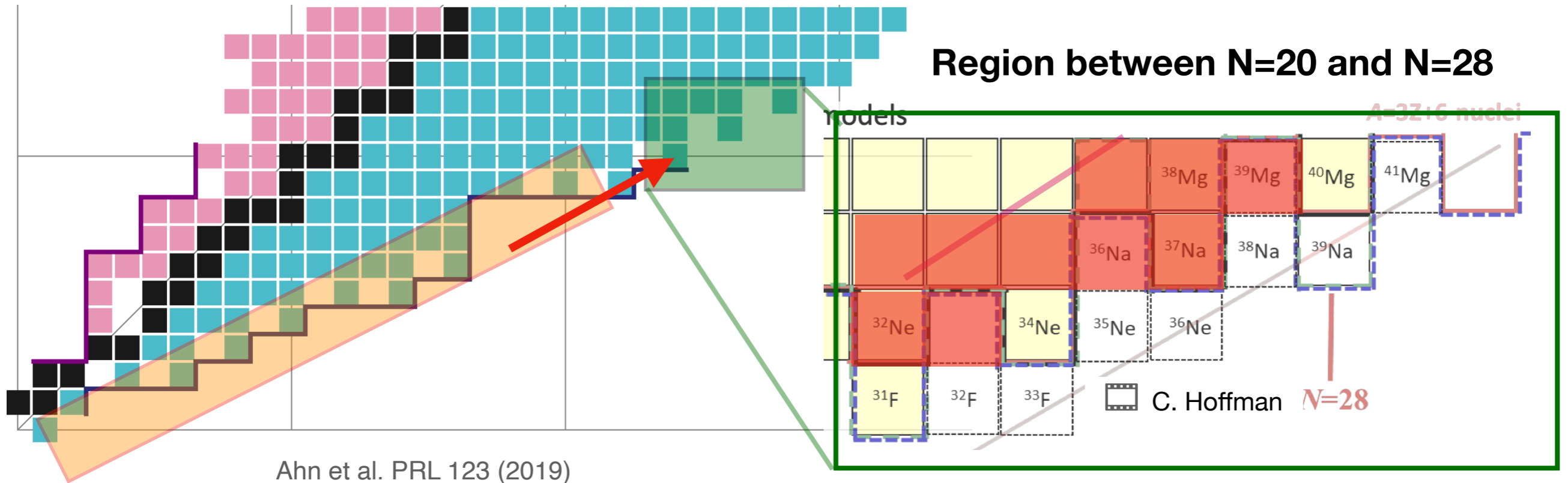
Neutron Dripline Physics at FRIB



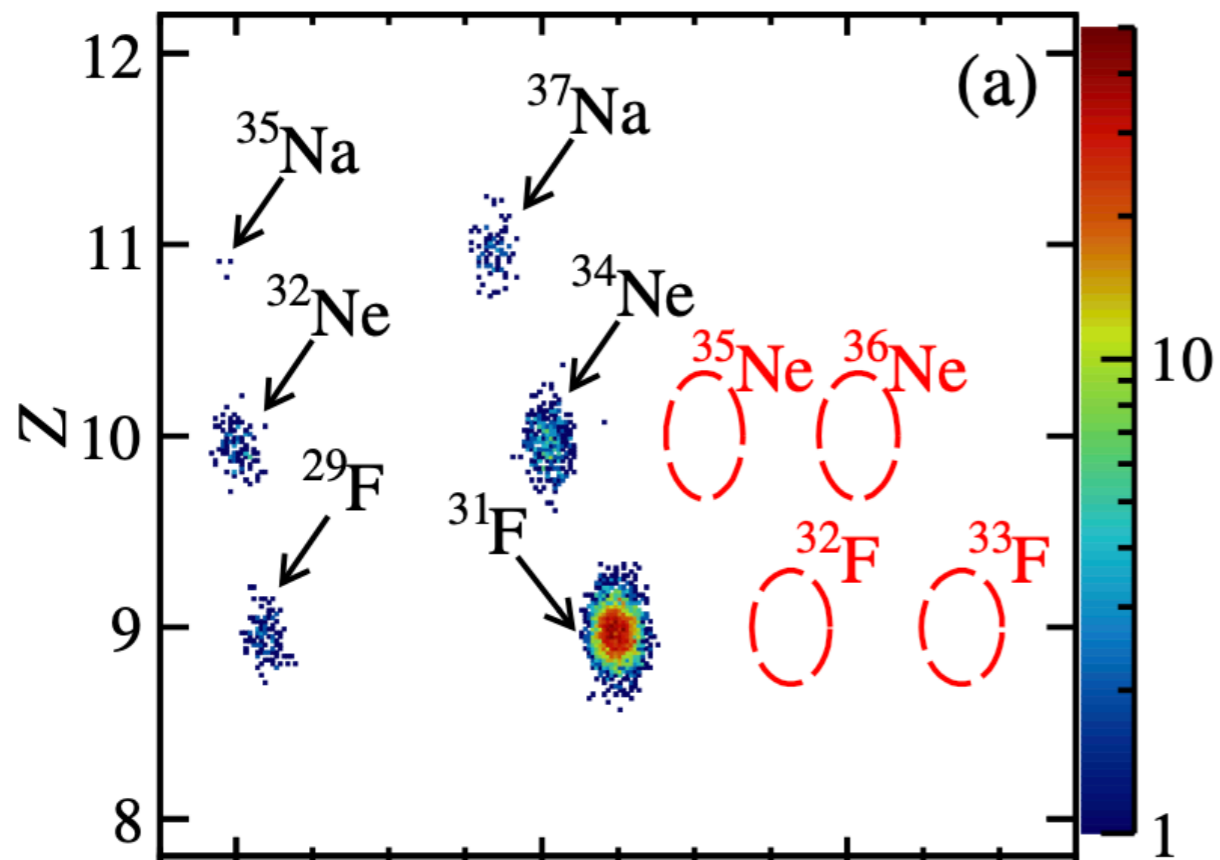
Dripline Nuclei between N=20 and N=28

- F:** 31F
- Ne:** 34Ne
- Na:** 39Na
- Mg:** 42, 44Mg?
- Al:** 43Al?

Neutron Dripline Physics at FRIB



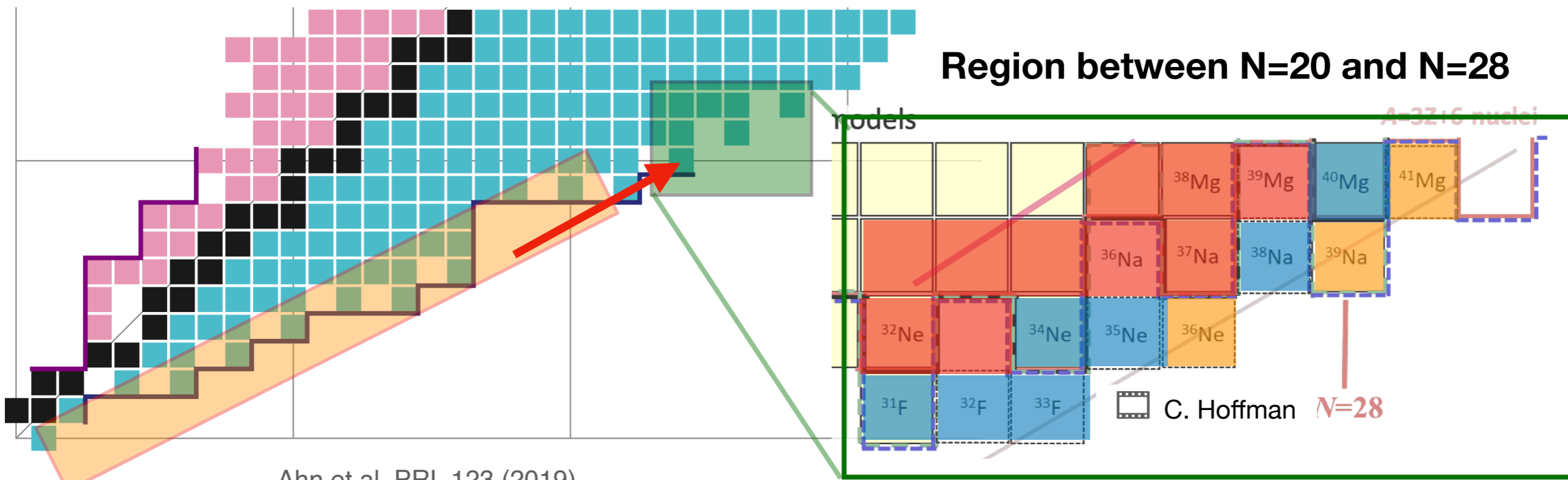
Ahn et al. PRL 123 (2019)



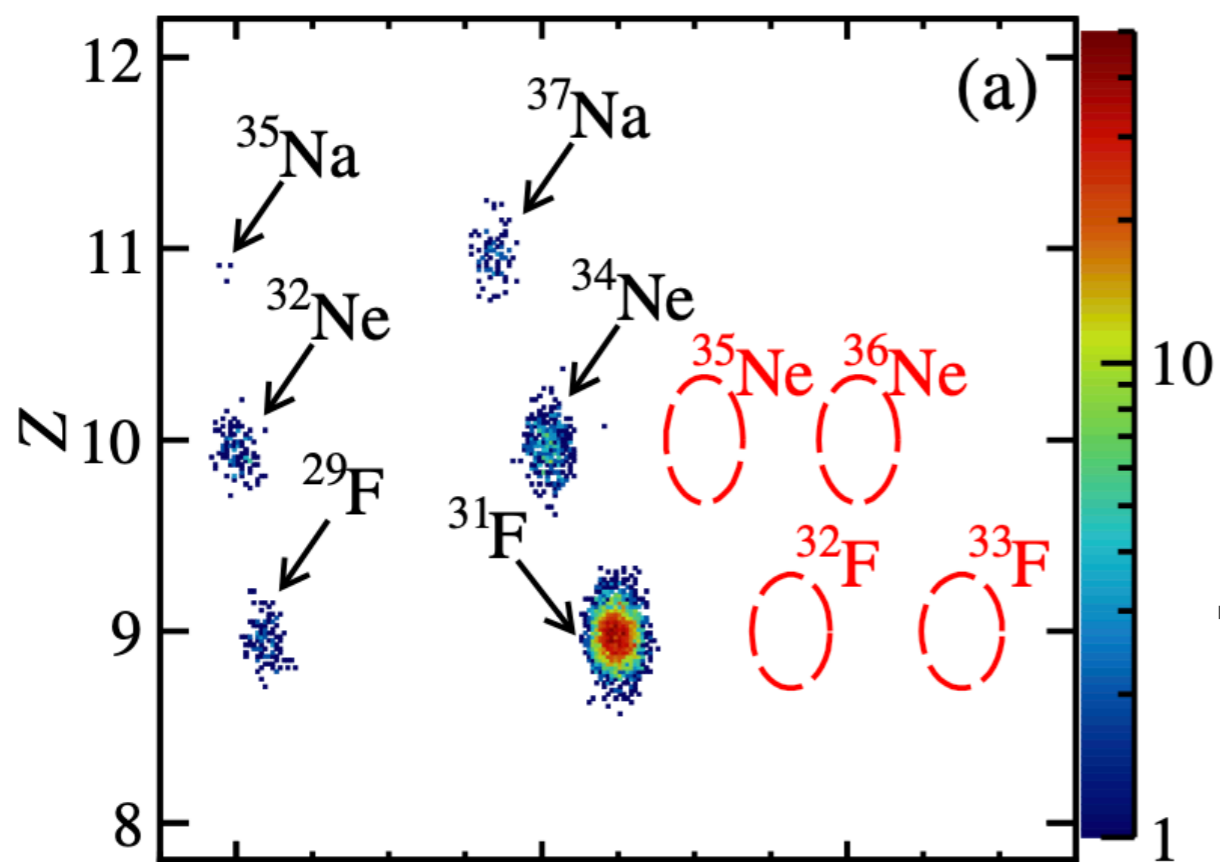
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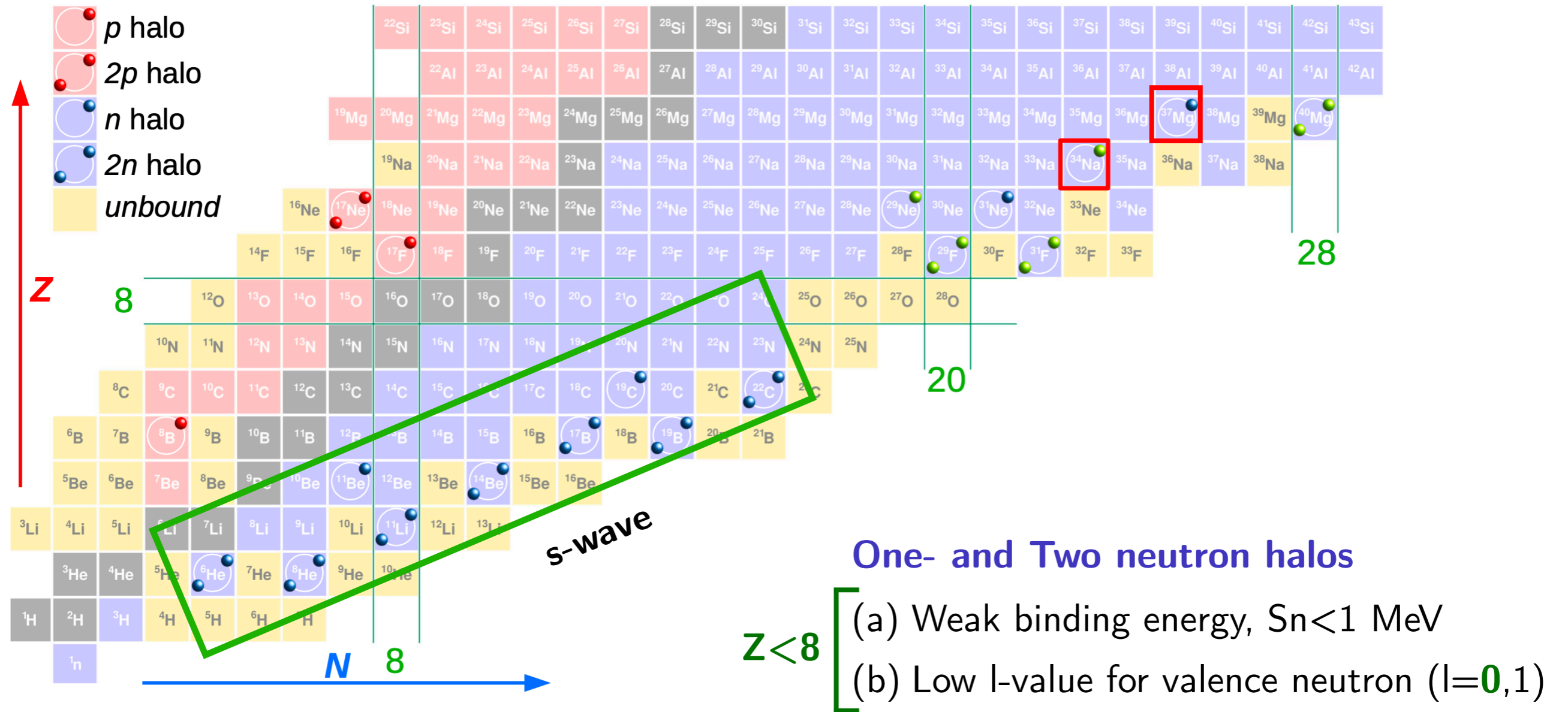
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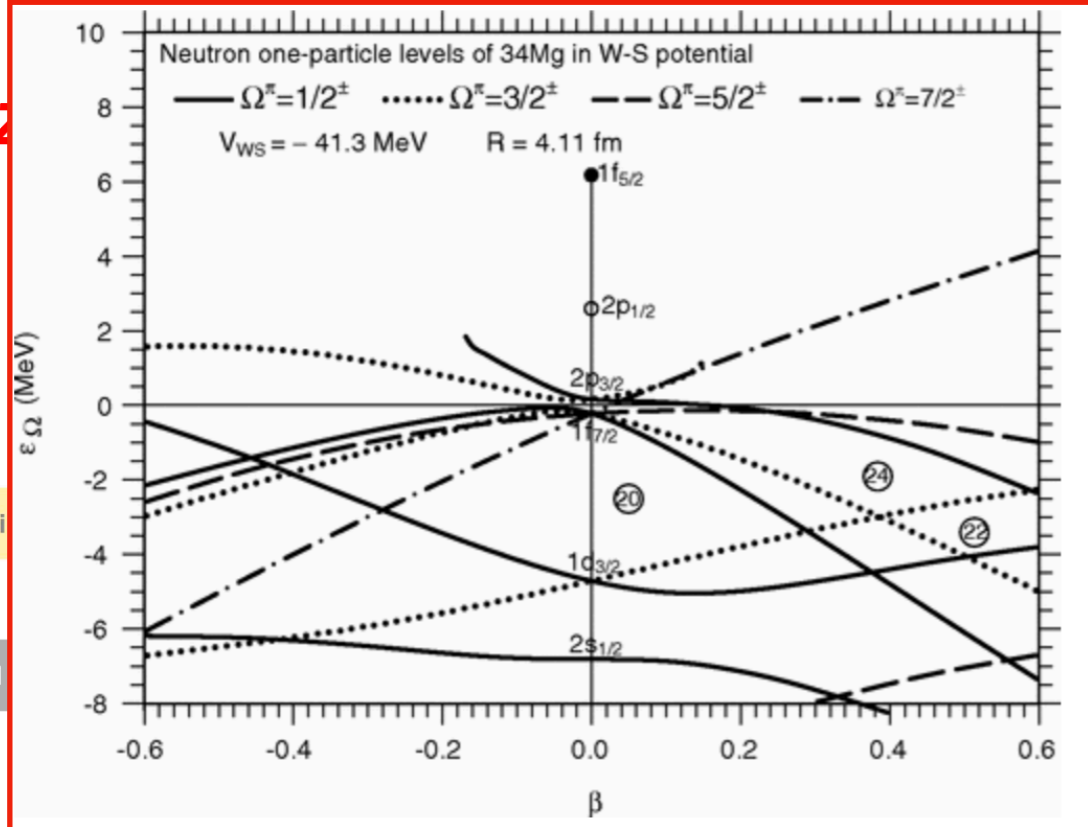
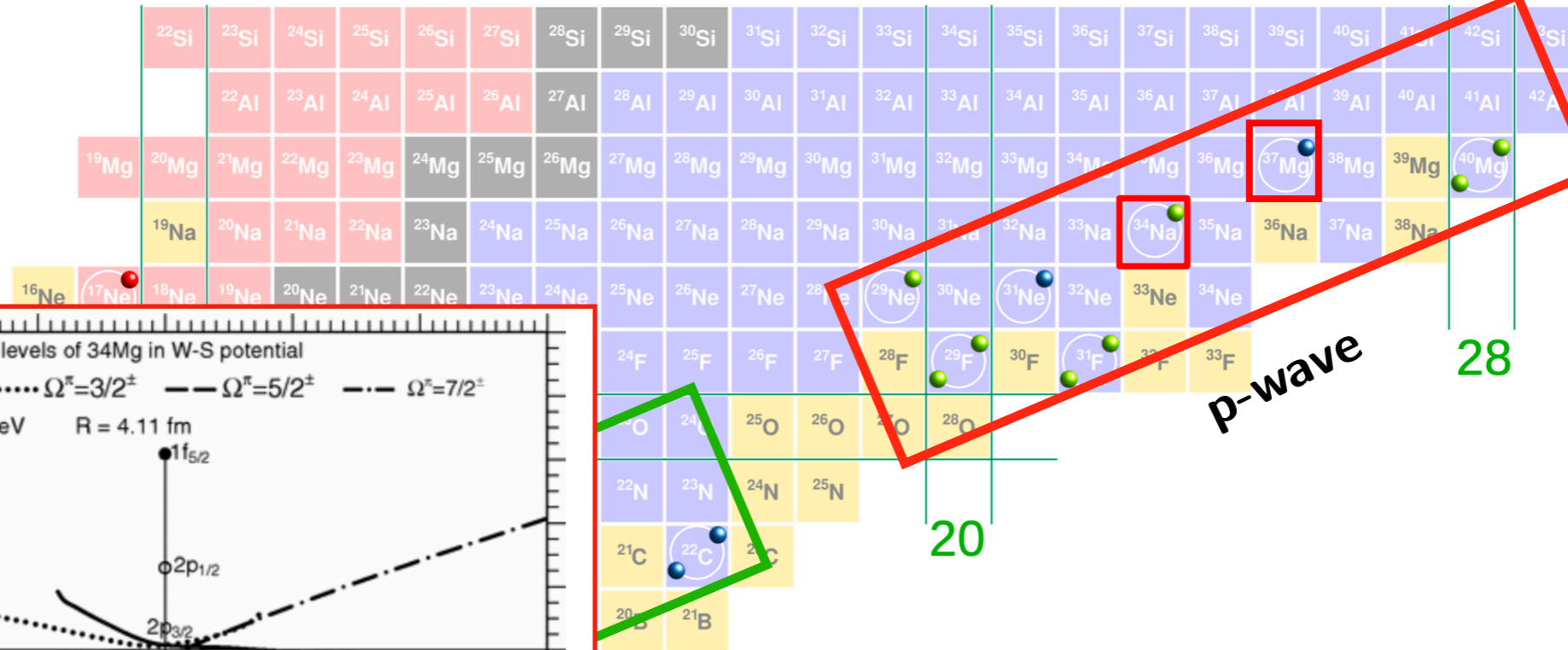
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Where to Find Neutron Halos?



Where to Find Neutron Halos?

-  p halo
-  2p halo
-  n halo
-  2n halo
-  unbound



 Hamamoto, PRC 85 (2012)

One- and Two neutron halos

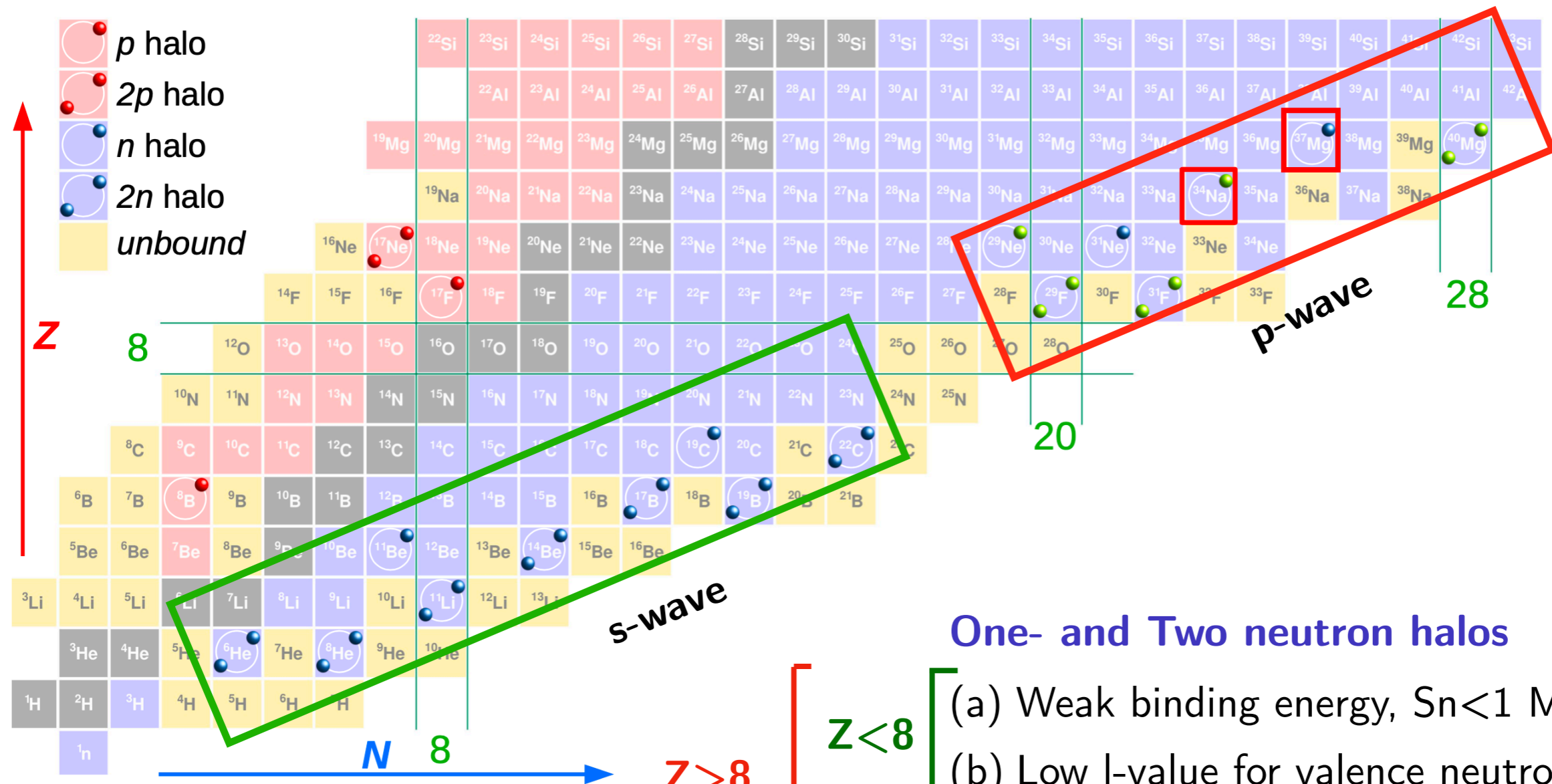
- $Z < 8$ [
- (a) Weak binding energy, $S_n < 1$ MeV
 - (b) Low l-value for valence neutron ($l=0,1$)

Near degeneracy of $1f_{7/2}$ and $2p_{3/2}$ levels

⇒ Deformation (Jahn Teller effect)

⇒ p enhanced ⇒ Halo formation

Where to Find Neutron Halos?



One- and Two neutron halos

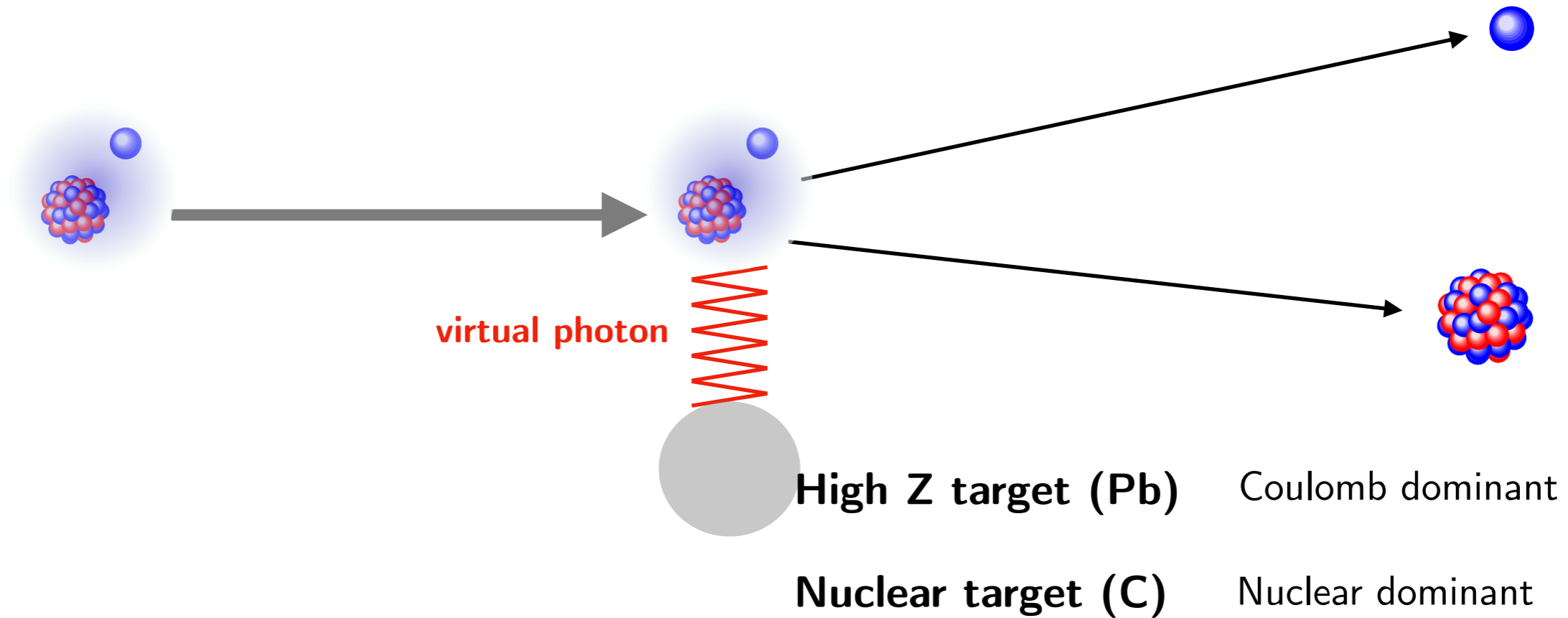
- (a) Weak binding energy, $S_n < 1$ MeV
- (b) Low l -value for valence neutron ($l=0, 1$)
- (c) Deformation & Shell Evolution

Investigate interplay between deformation, shell evolution and halo formation at FRIB

- Are halos a characteristic feature of dripline nuclei towards medium masses?
Deformed s-wave halos around $N=50$ shell gap: Cr & Fe?

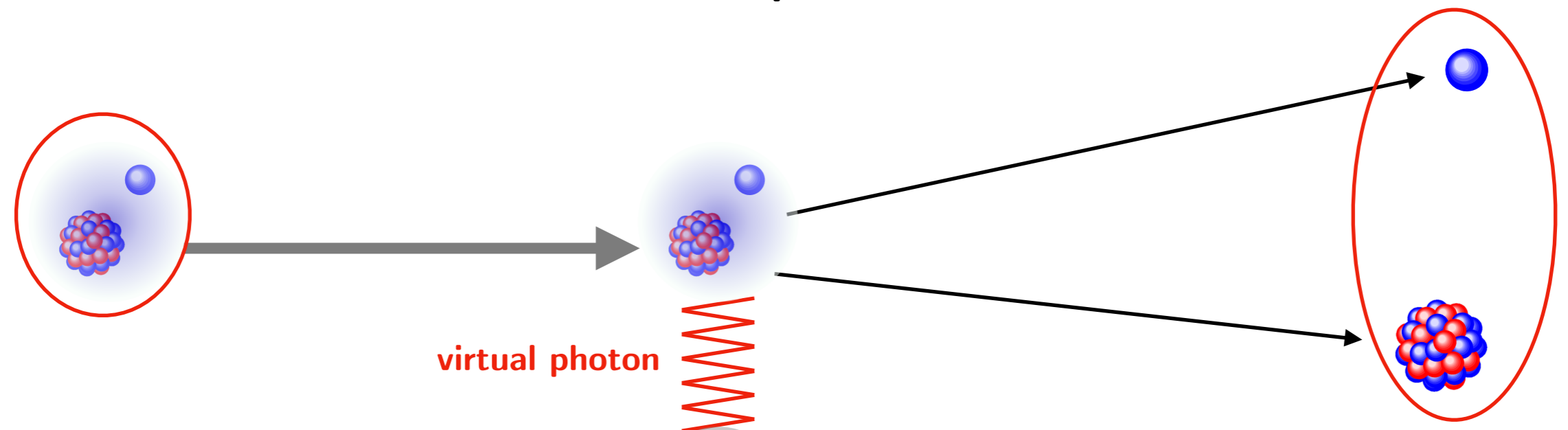
Coulomb Breakup of Halo Nuclei

Direct Breakup of $1n$



Coulomb Breakup of Halo Nuclei

Direct Breakup of $1n$



Invariant Mass (E_{rel})
+
Cross Sections (σ)

High Z target (Pb)	Coulomb dominant
Nuclear target (C)	Nuclear dominant

Coulomb Breakup of Halo Nuclei: **Sweeper + MoNA** setup

Beam energies

Limited by Sweeper setup
(100-200 MeV/nuc)

Beam intensities

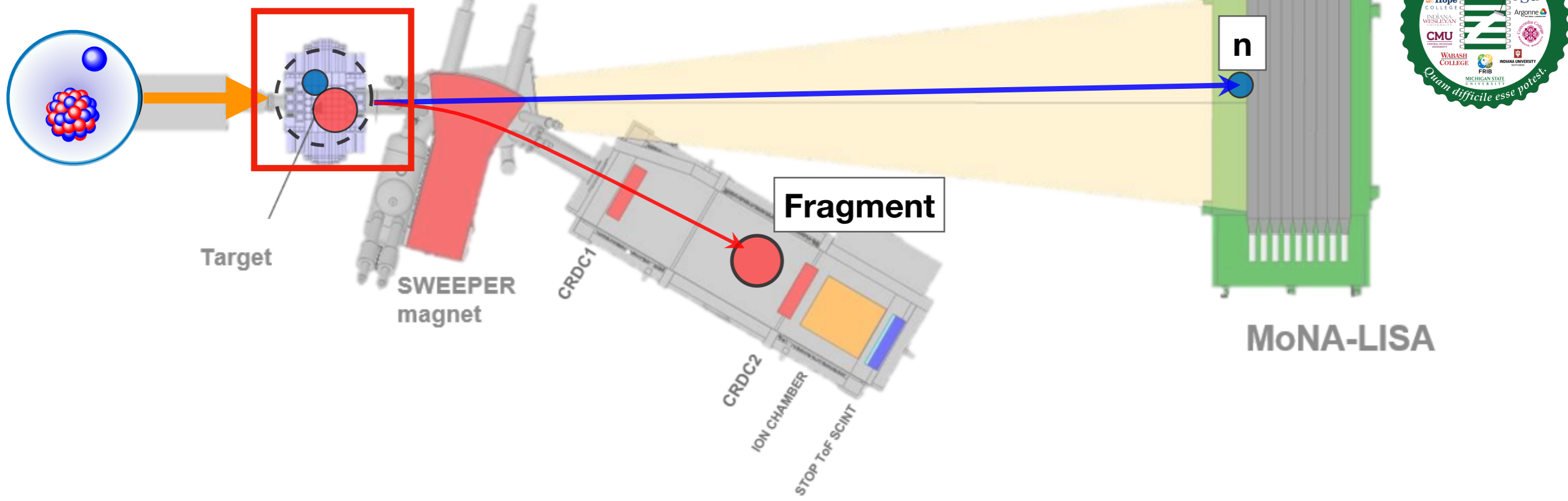
>30-200 pps

S2

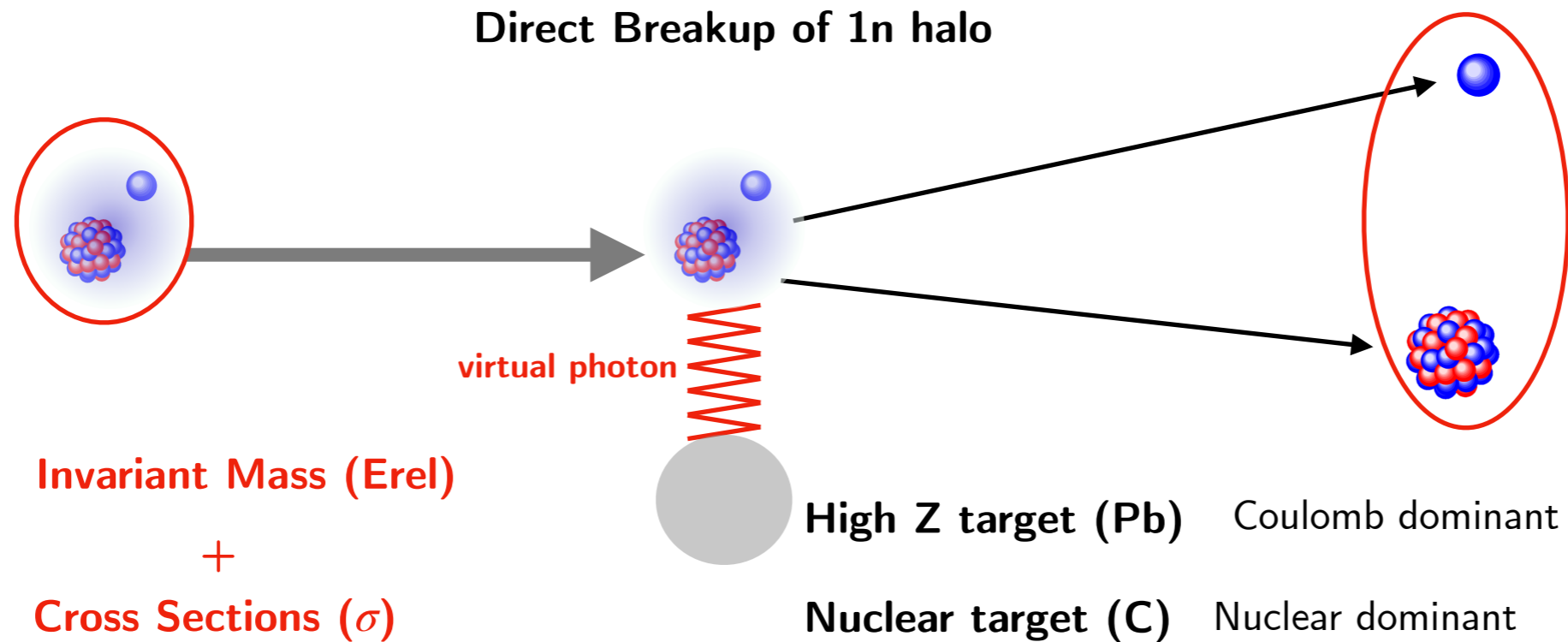
- ▶ Sweeper Upgrade
- ▶ MoNA-LISA
- ▶ CAESAR
- ▶ Beam Tracking

INVARIANT MASS SPECTROSCOPY

~130 MeV/nuc



Coulomb Breakup of Halo Nuclei: Observables



► Breakup Cross Section
Distribution

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dE_{rel}}$$

Integrated CD
cross-section

$$\sigma$$

Equivalent Photon Method

► E1 Strength
Distribution

$$\frac{dB(E_1)}{dE_{rel}}$$

Integrated B(E1)
strength

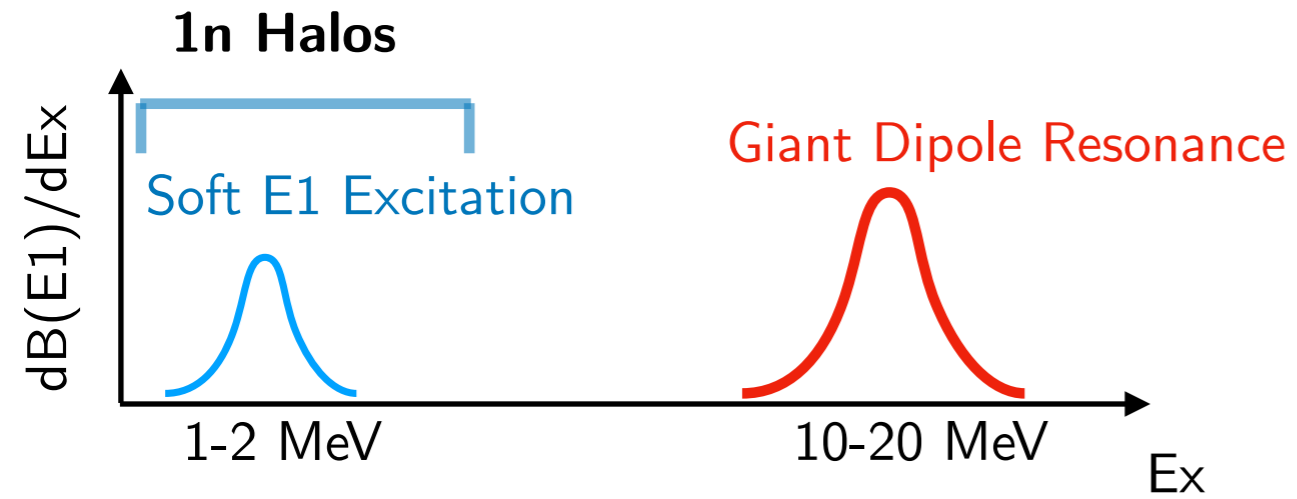
$$B(E1)$$

► Angular distribution of the fragment-neutron
system in the center of mass $\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$

► Parallel Fragment Momentum $\frac{d\sigma}{p_{||}}$

Coulomb Breakup of Halo Nuclei: What to expect

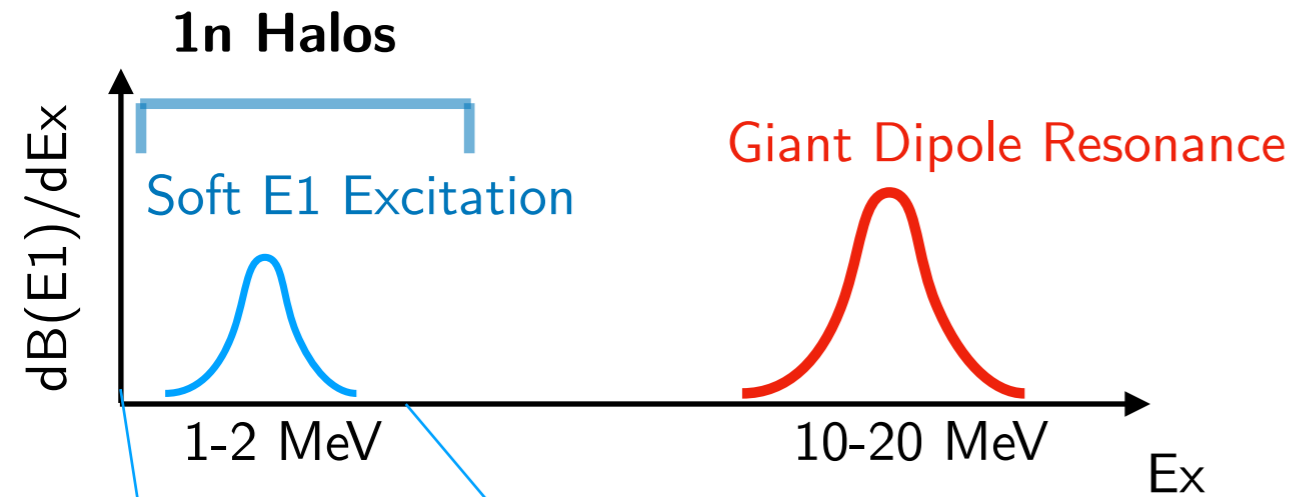
Experimental expectations from a 1n halo breakup...



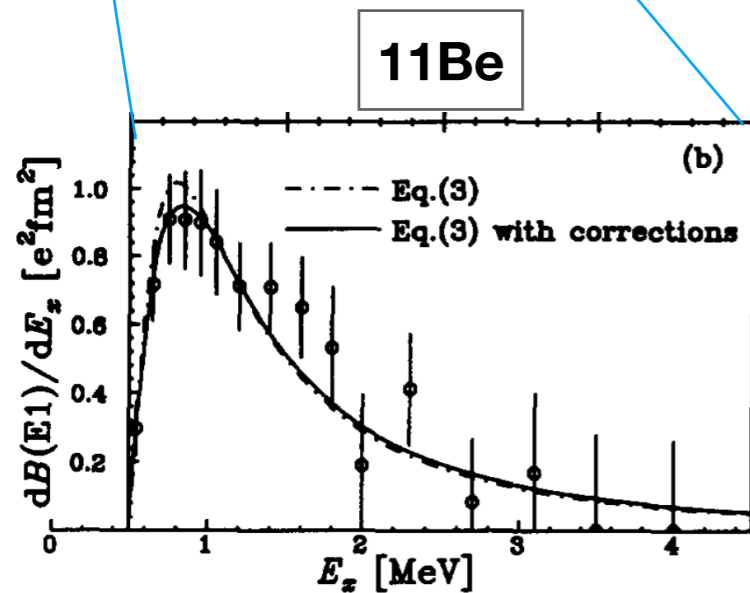
- ▶ Large $B(E1)$ strength at low energies, $B(E_1) > 1 e^2 fm^2$
- ▶ Large Cross-Section, $\sigma > 0.5 b$
- ▶ Narrow momentum distributions (s or p)
- ▶ Forward peaked angular distributions

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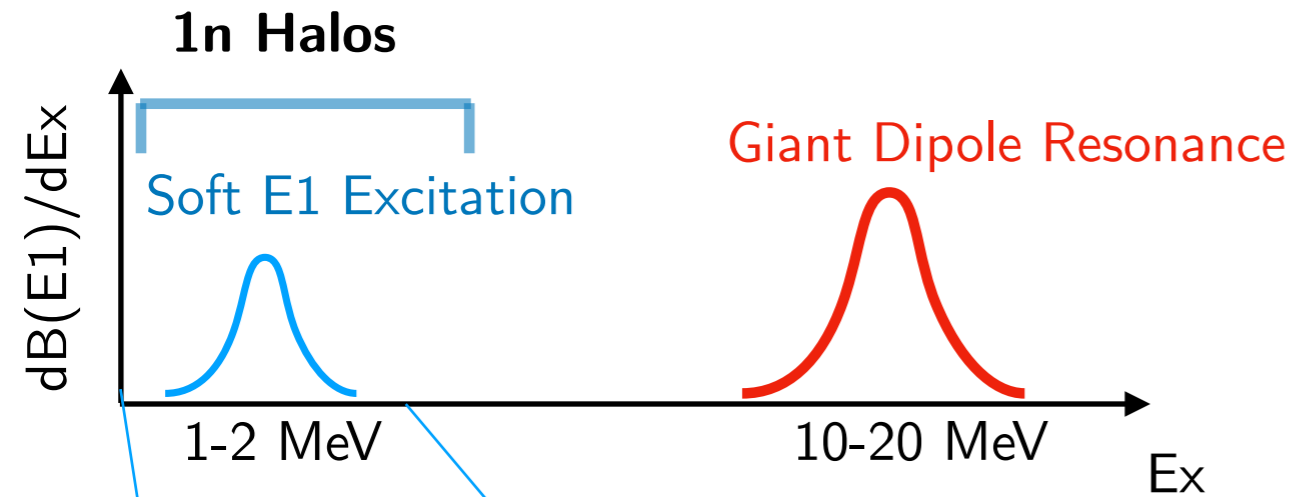


Nakamura, PLB (1994)

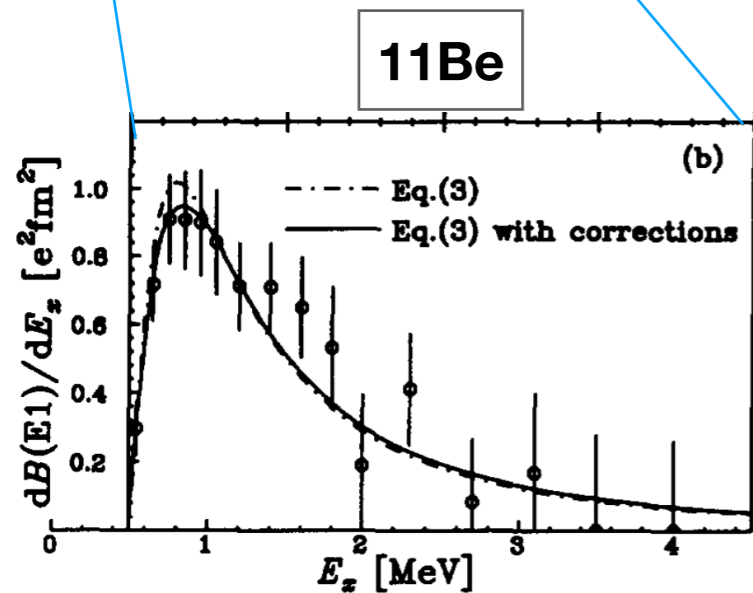
$$B(E1) = 1.3 \pm 0.3 e^2fm^2$$

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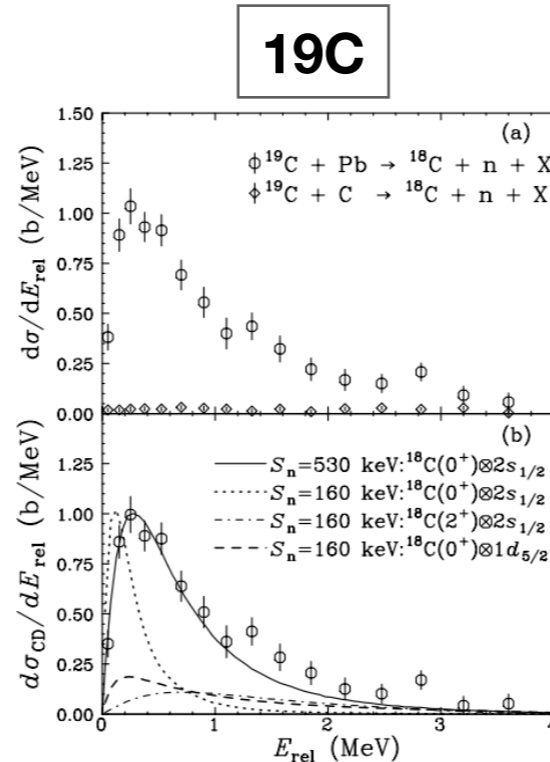


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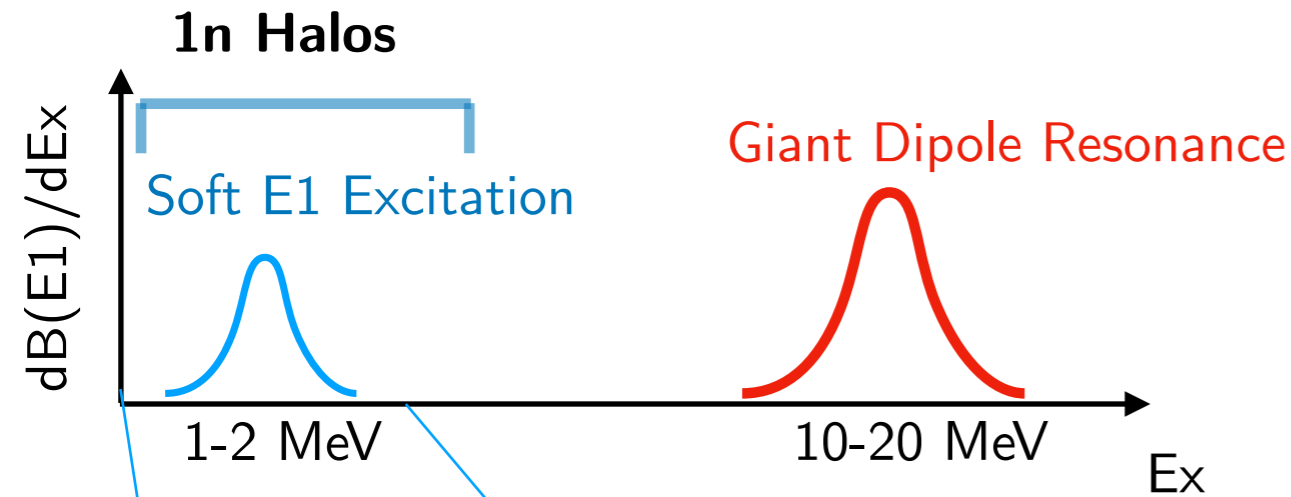
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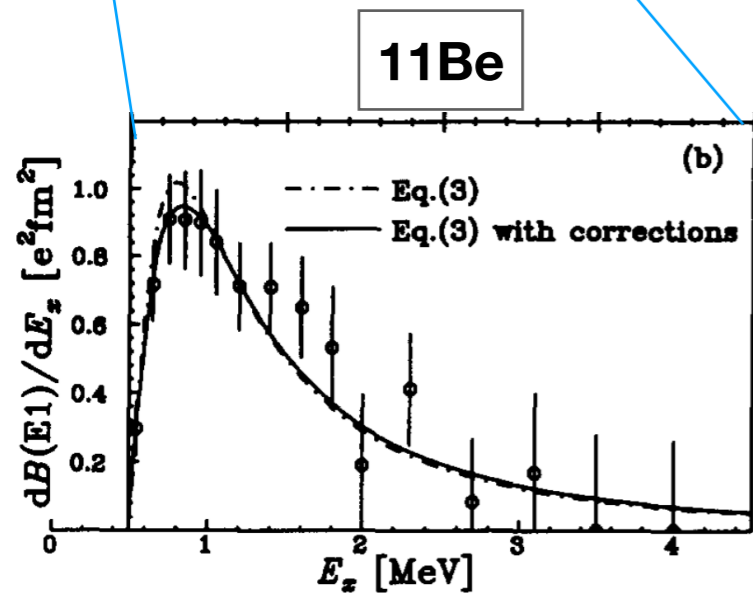
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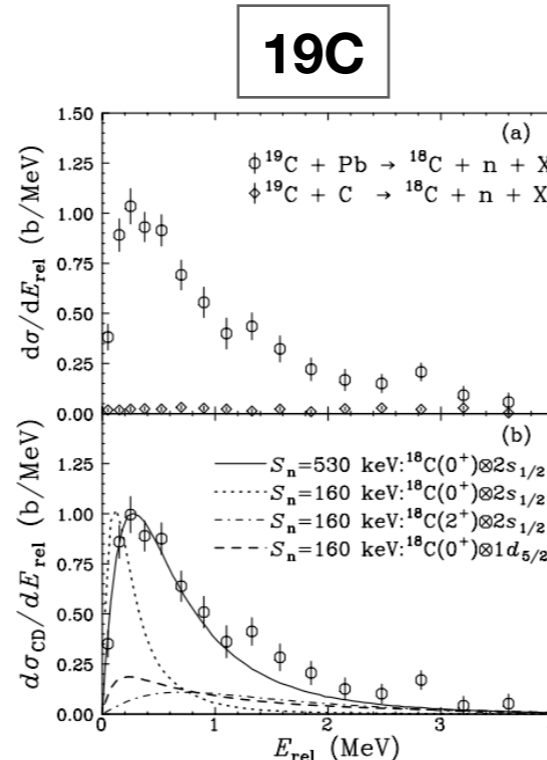


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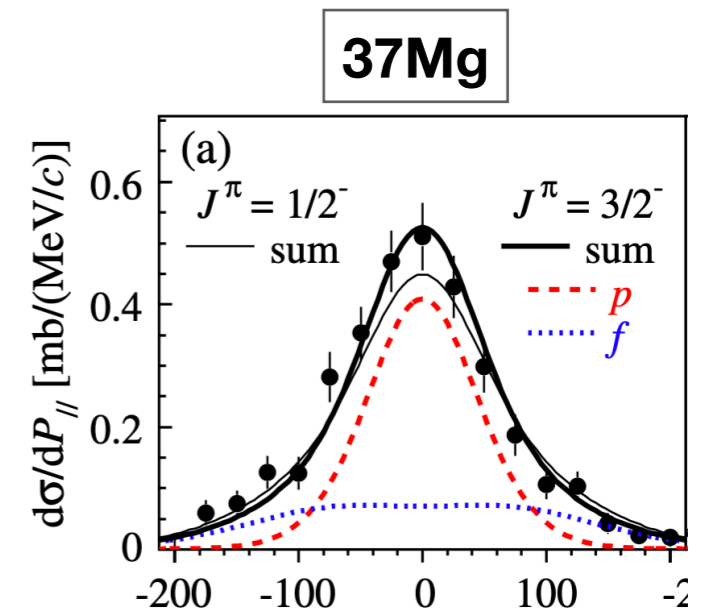


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Kobayashi, PRL (2014)

Characterizing Neutron Halos for $Z > 8$

- ▶ The halo character is easily revealed by the data, but the full interpretation and characterization of the halo structure needs theory input

The shape of $d\sigma/dE_{rel}$ & $dB(E1)/dE_{rel}$ distributions and their integrated value are sensitive to the characteristics of the halo:

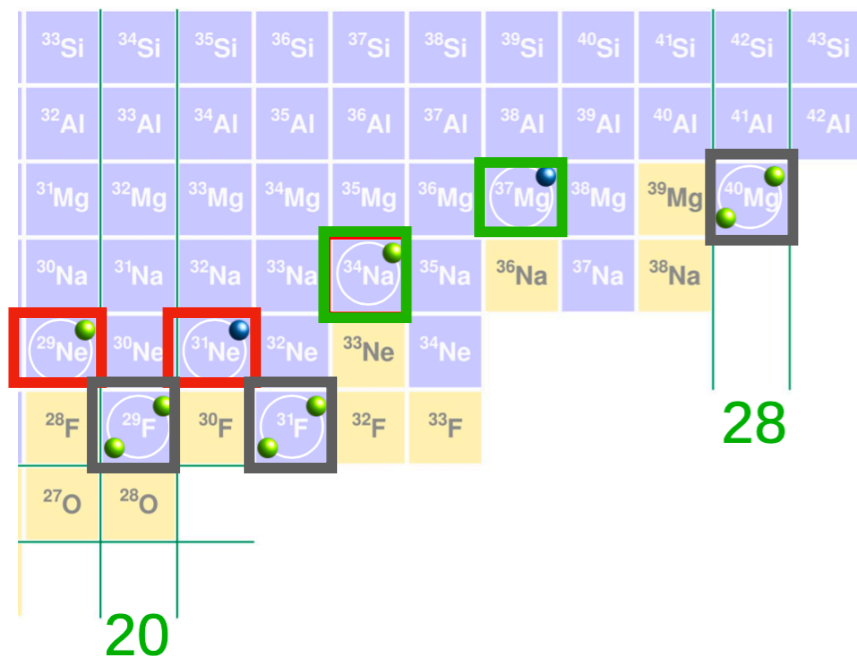
- ▶ **Neutron configuration** (l value) and C2S
- ▶ **Neutron Separation Energy** (S_n)
- ▶ and... **deformation?**

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- ▶ Predicted and observed halos $Z > 8$?

RIKEN (1n): 29Ne, 31Ne

PAC2 (1n): 34Na, 37Mg

FRIB? (2n): 29F, 31F, 40Mg

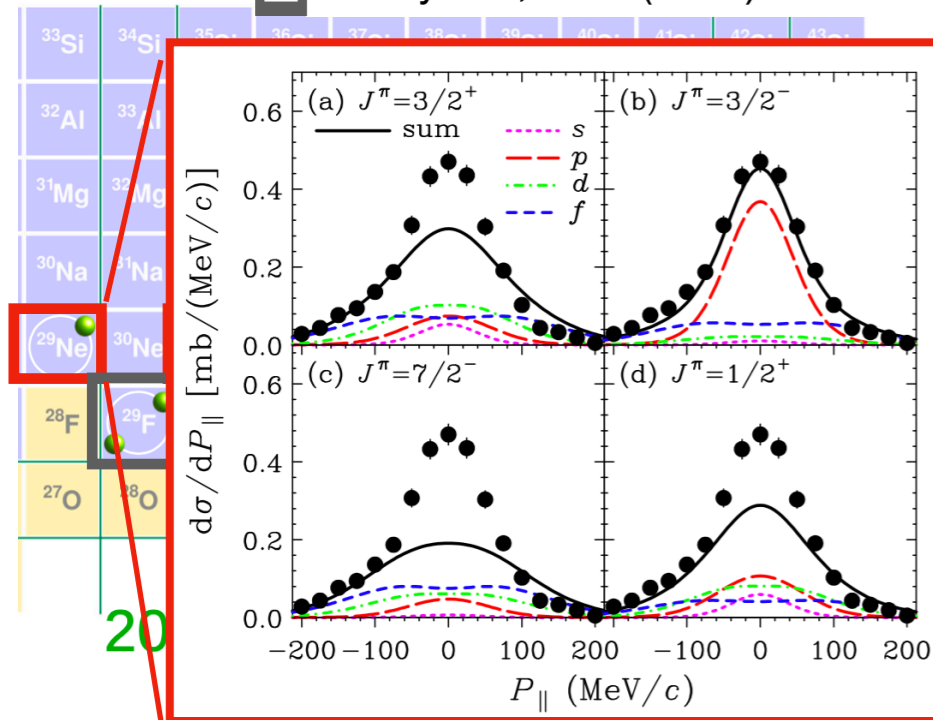
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Kobayashi, PRC (2016) - ^{29}Ne



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RIKEN (1n): ^{29}Ne , ^{31}Ne

PAC2 (1n): ^{34}Na , ^{37}Mg

FRIB? (2n): ^{29}F , ^{31}F , ^{40}Mg

- ▶ Configuration Mixing
- ▶ S_n measured with large uncertainty
- ▶ Ground State spin-parity is sometimes not well known

^{34}Na (N=23)

Spokesperson: B. Monteagudo



Dripline: ^{39}Na

- ▶ In Island of Inversion? Deformation?
- ▶ Low $S_n=0.17(50)$ MeV ■ Gaudefroy, PRL **109** (2012)
- ▶ Ground state spin and parity is unknown (2-?)



Predominant $p_{3/2}$ valence neutron configuration?

Does it follow example of N=21 (^{31}Ne) and N=25 (^{37}Mg) near dripline nuclei?

^{34}Na (N=23)

Spokesperson: B. Monteagudo



Dripline: ^{39}Na

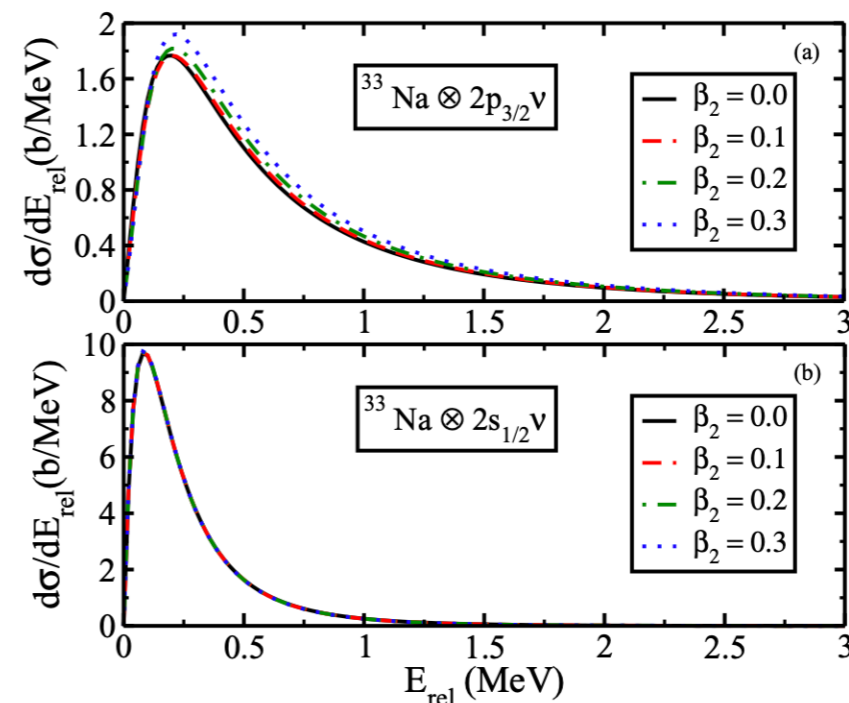
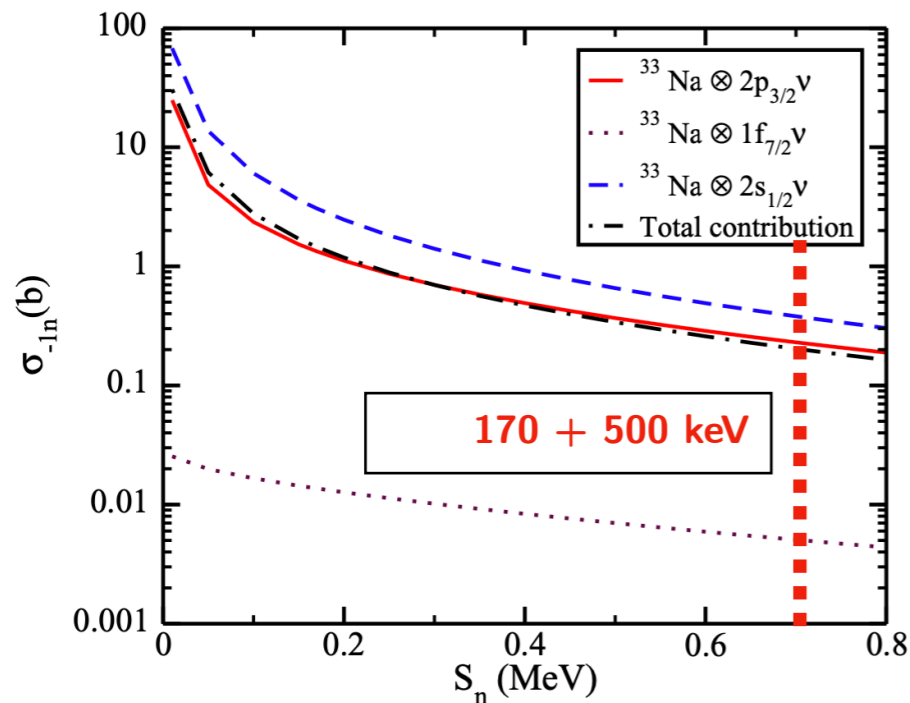
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Singh, PRC (2016)



^{37}Mg (N=25)

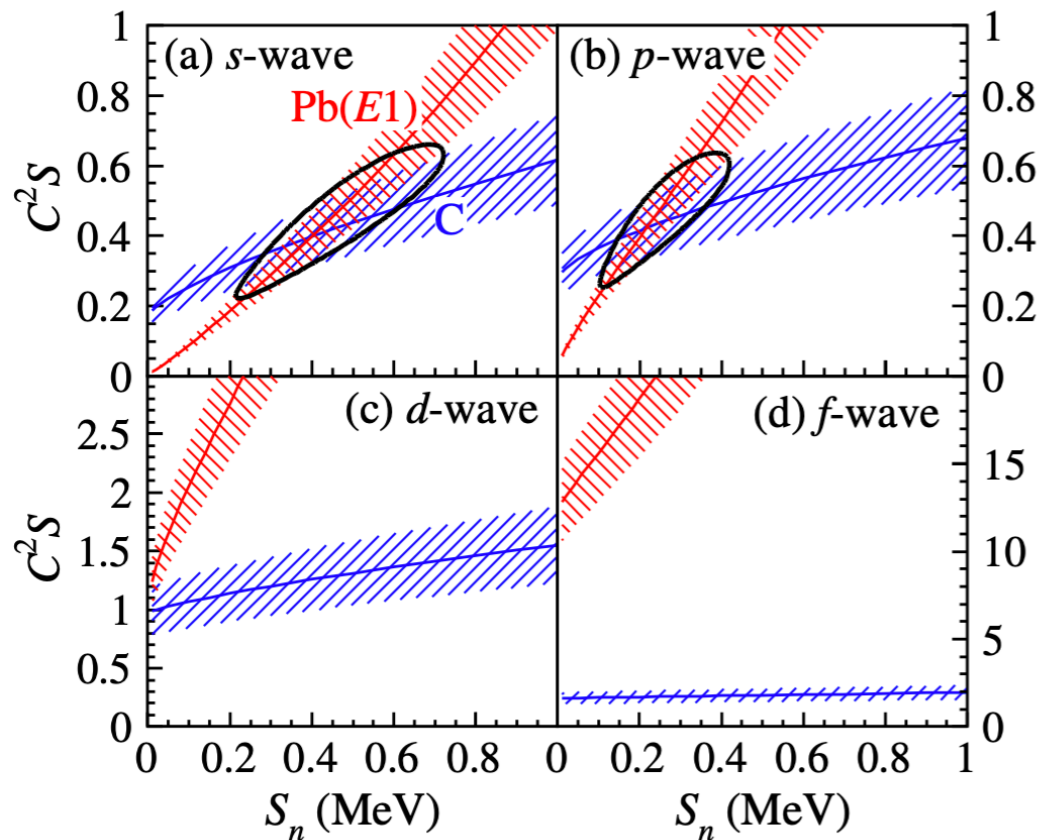
Spokesperson: A. Revel



Dripline: 42,44Mg?

- ▶ Heaviest p-wave halo nucleus observed to date
- ▶ Inclusive Cross Sections: Kobayashi, PRL (2014)
 - ▶ Deduced $S_n=0.22(12)(9)$ MeV
 - ▶ Deduced $p_{3/2}$ neutron ($C^2S=0.42$). Consistent with deformation
 - ▶ Ground state assignment $J=3/2^-$ or $J=1/2^-$

Kobayashi, PRL (2014)



^{37}Mg (N=25)

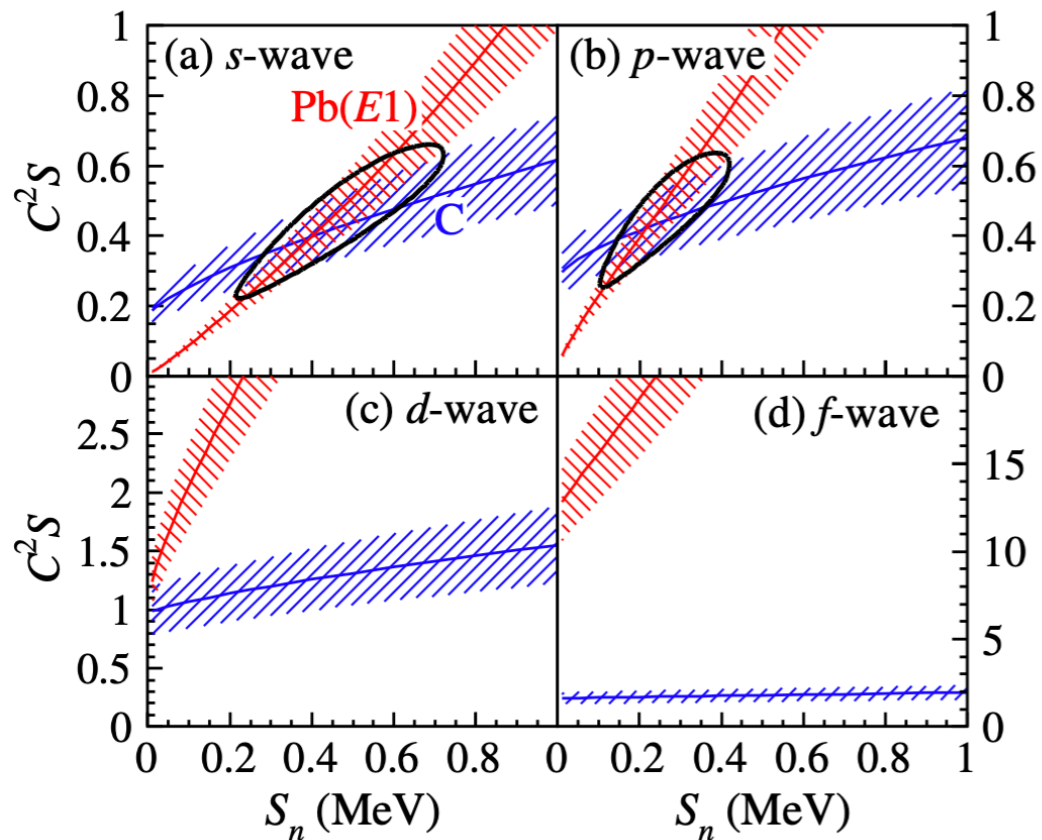
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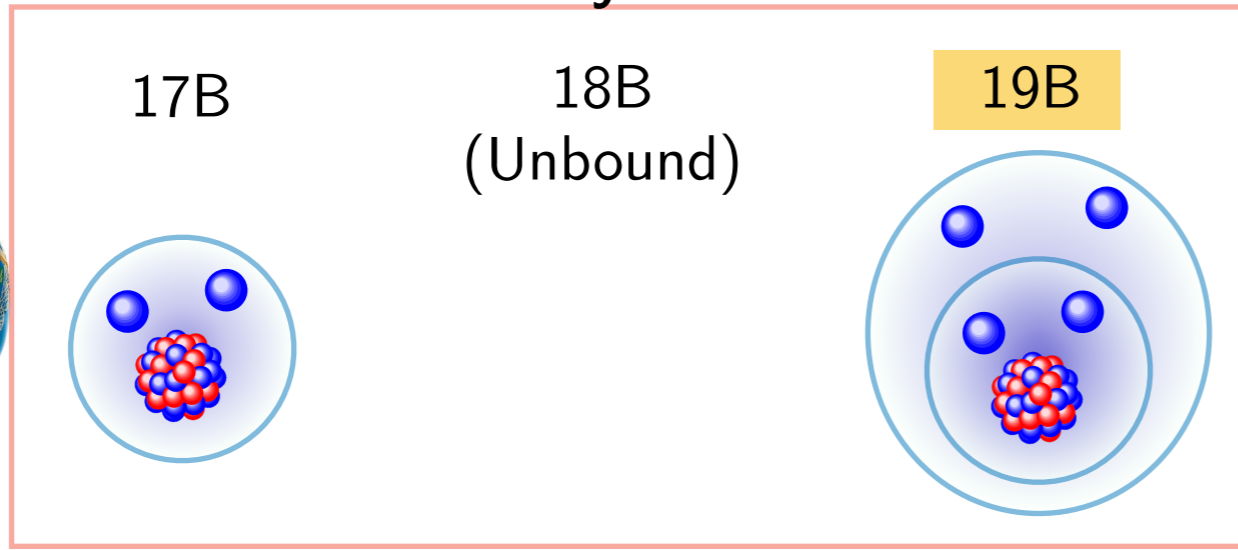
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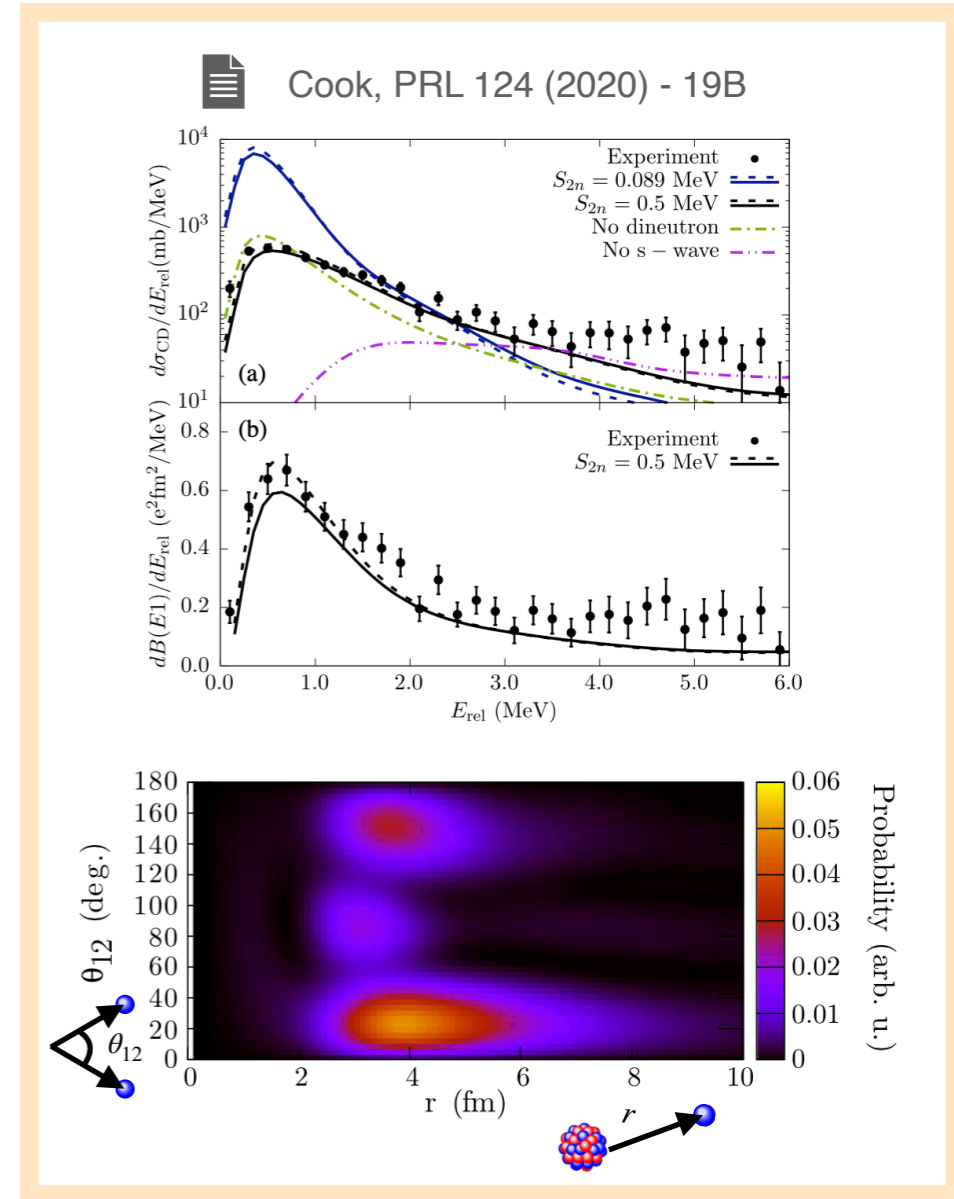
NO THEORY for exclusive measurements

Two Neutron Halo Structures

The Matryoshka case $S_{2n} = 0.5$ MeV

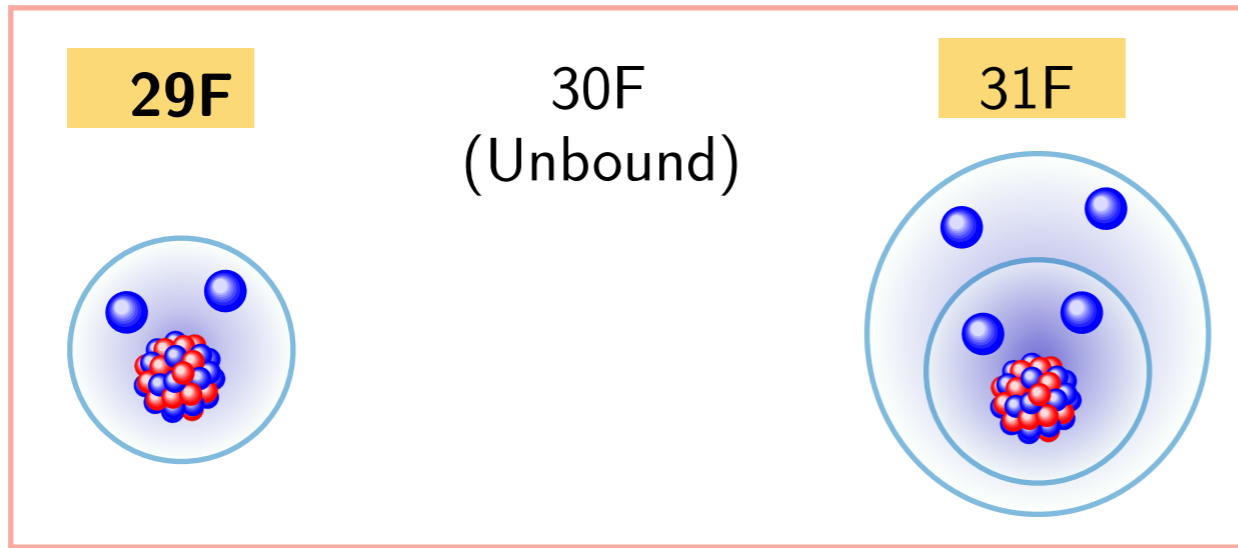


15B+4n ?
17B+2n ?

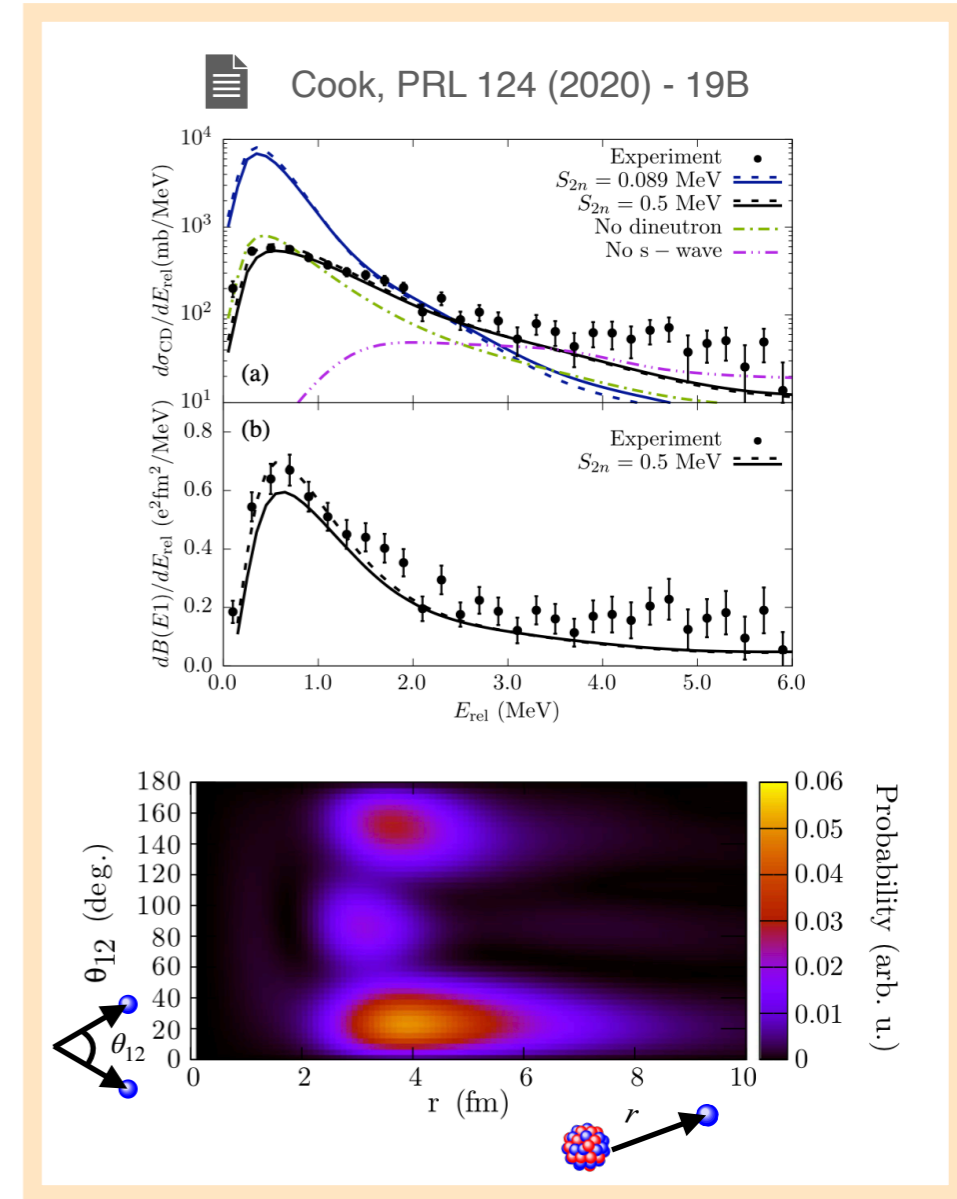


Two Neutron Halo Structures

Other 2-neutron halo: ^{40}Mg , ^{42}Mg ?

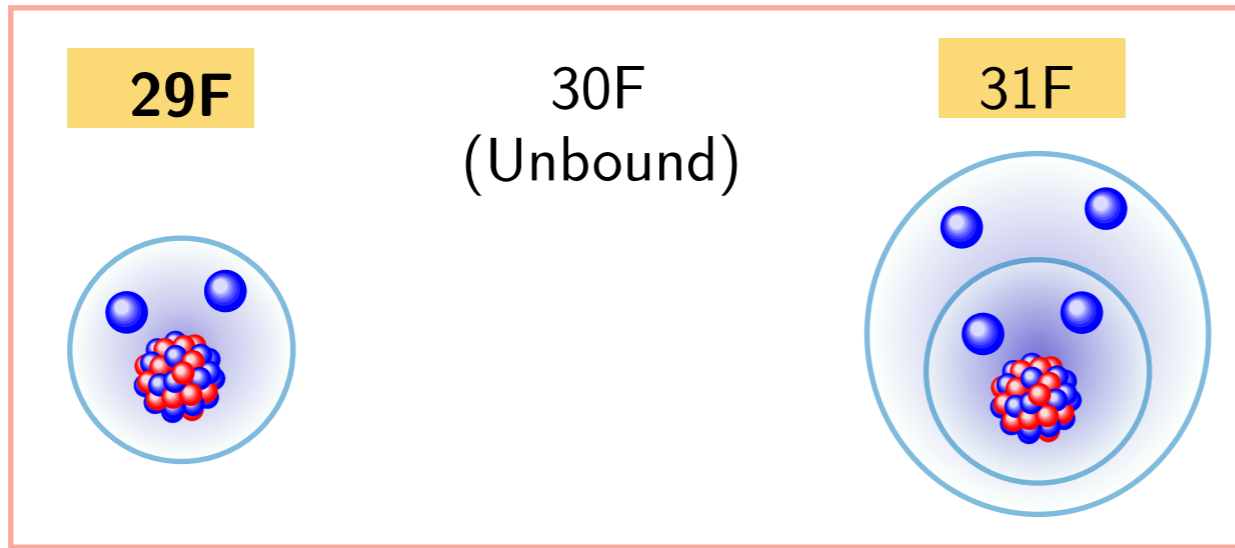


C. Hoffman



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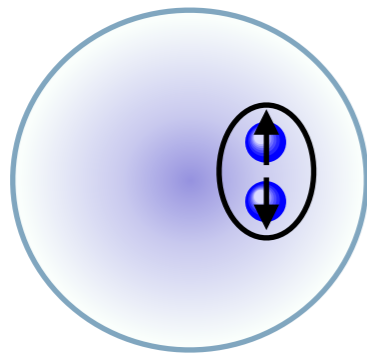


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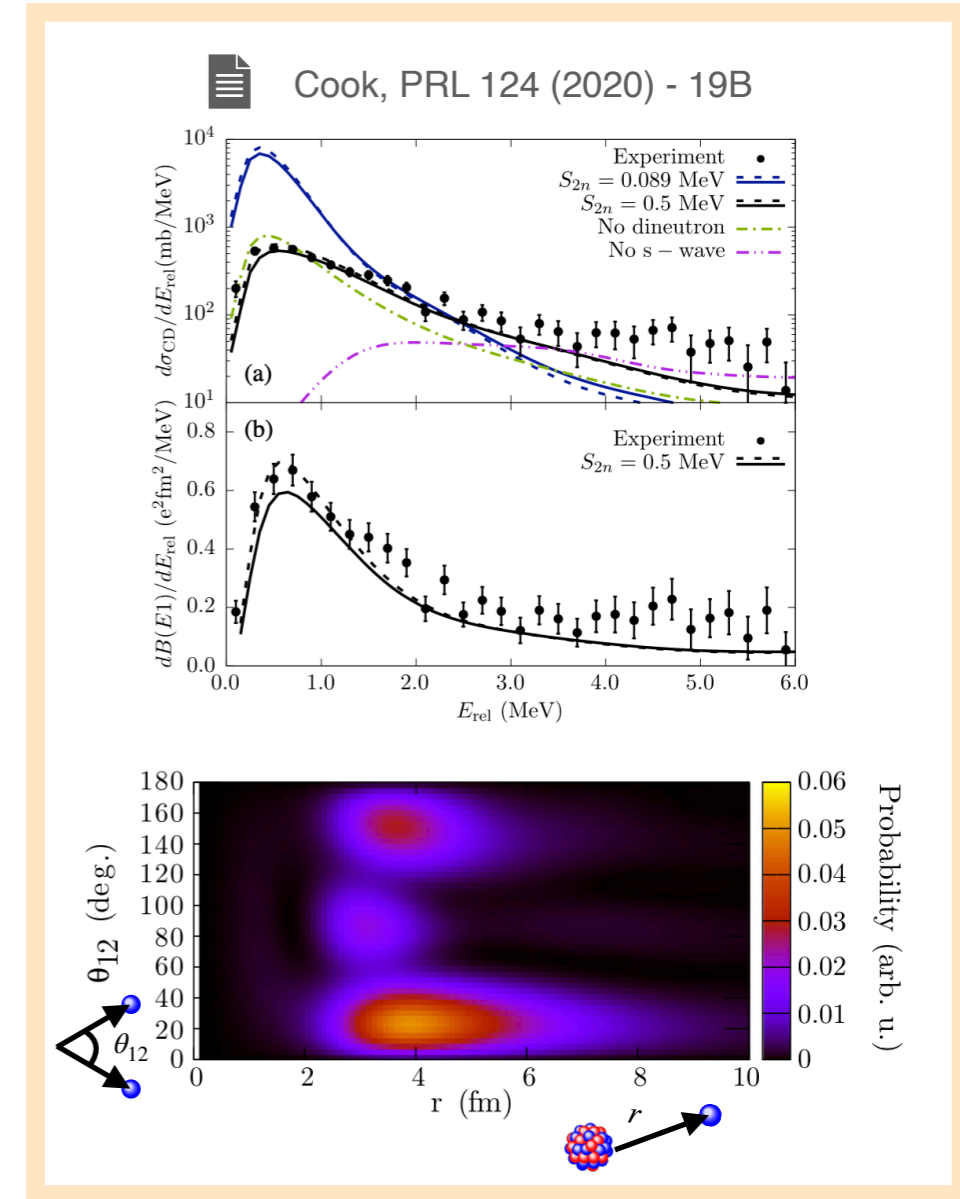
2 Neutron halo structure

Core + 2n (3body)

- “Dineutron” configuration? ^{11}Li Kubota, PRL (2022)
- Dineutron formation on surface of neutron stars?
- FSI needs to be taken into account

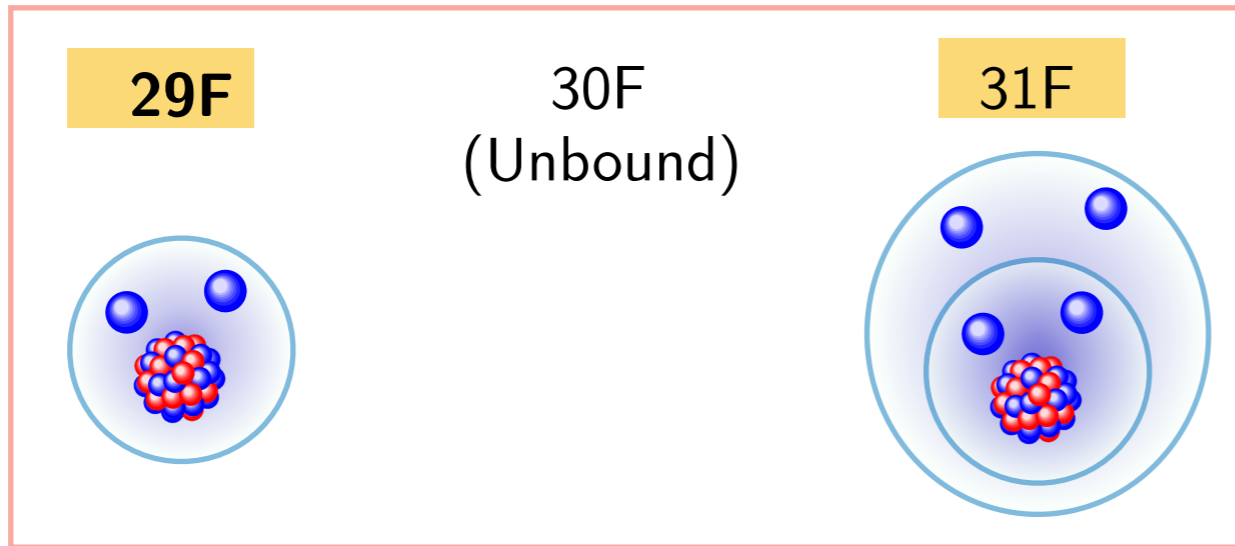
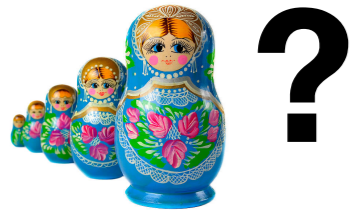


Spatially compact neutron pair on surface of nucleus



Two Neutron Halo Structures

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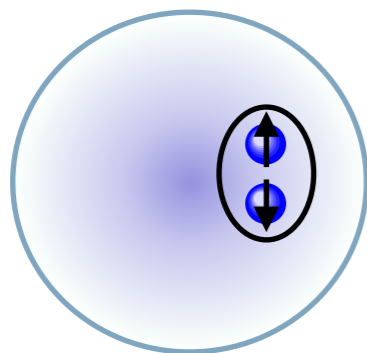


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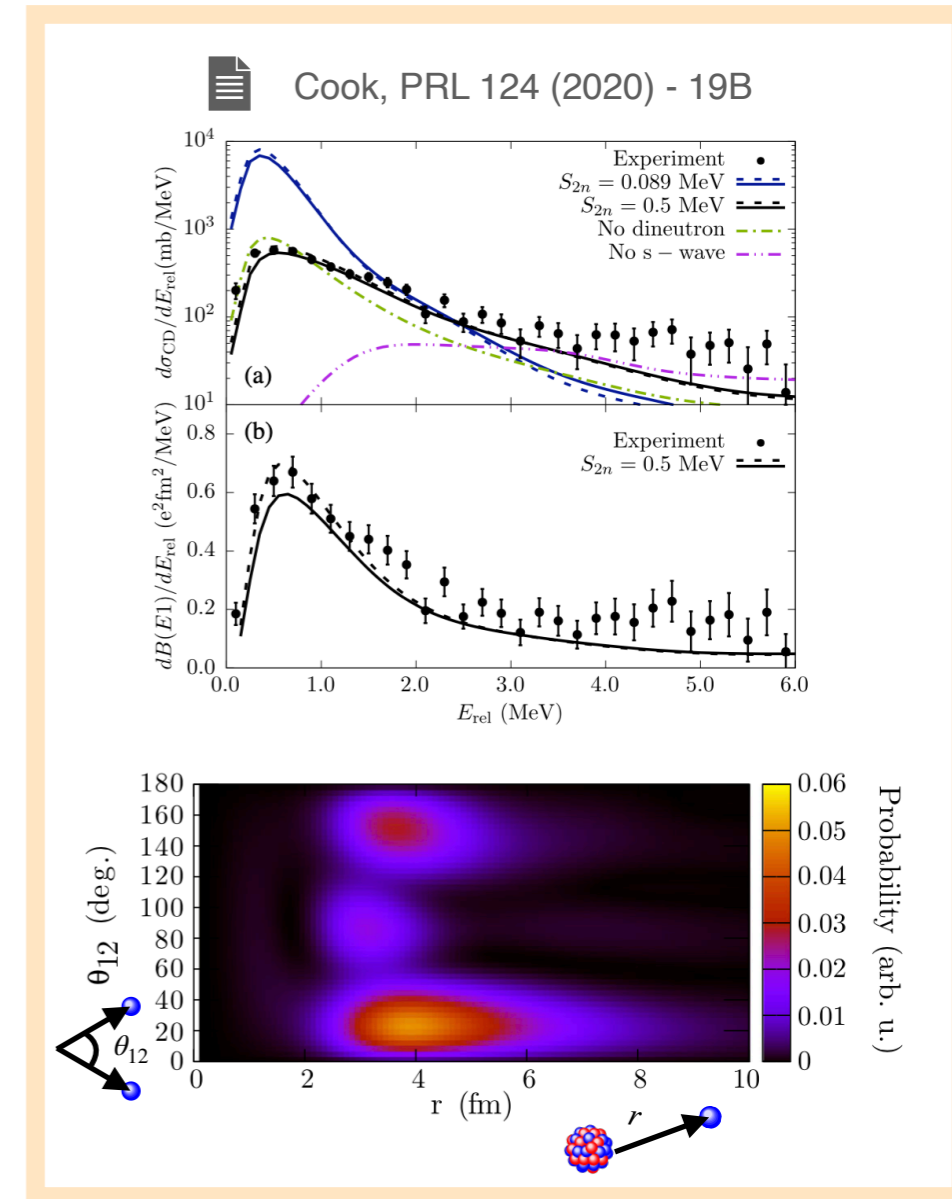
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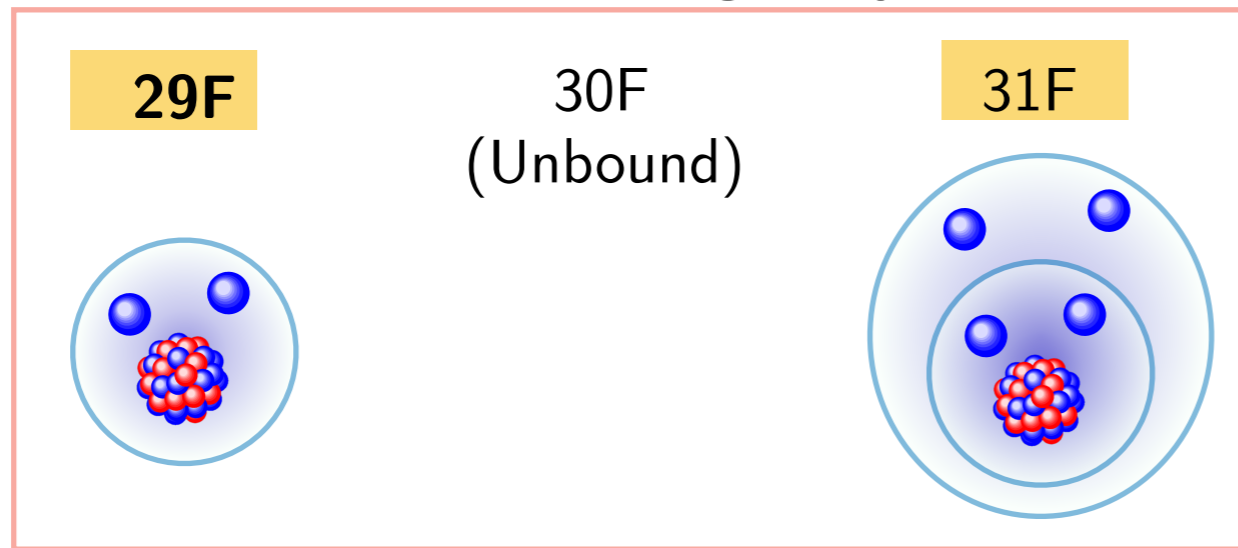
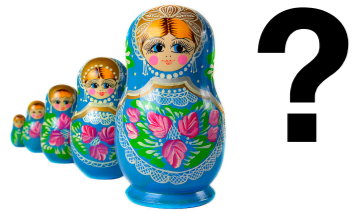
OR Core + 4n (skin)


- A more complex structure than a 3body.



Two Neutron Halo Structures: FRIB

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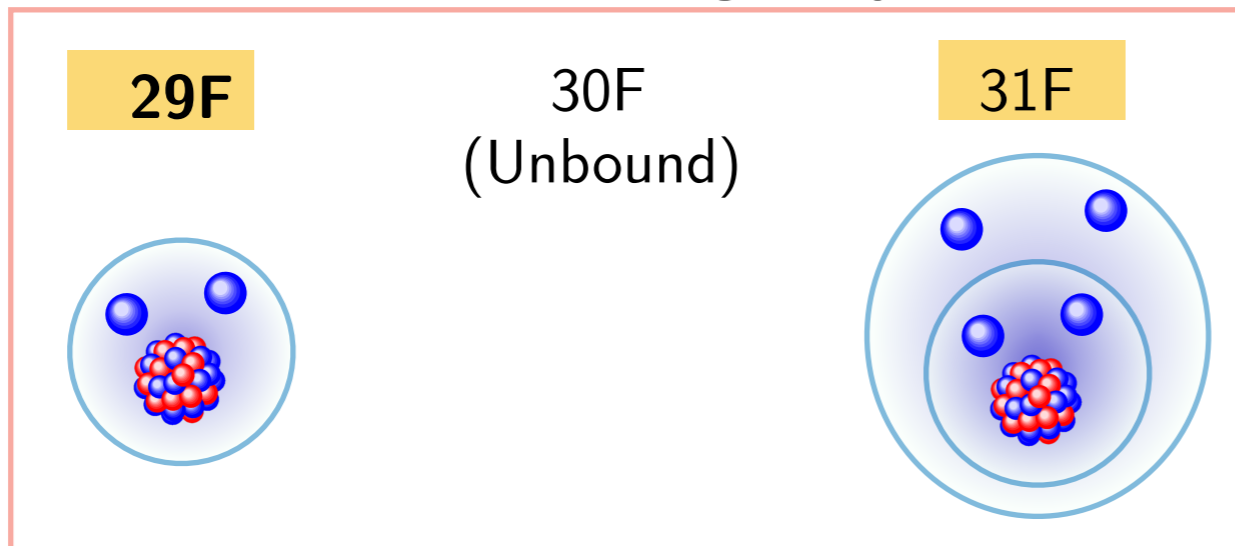
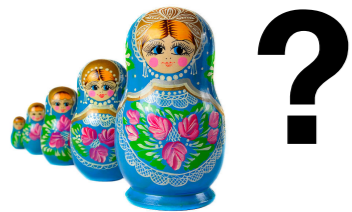
 C. Hoffman

FRIB RATES

- ▶ Exclusive measurement for ^{29}F in future 3-5 years
- ▶ Inclusive measurement for ^{31}F ?

Two Neutron Halo Structures: FRIB

Other 2-neutron halo: ^{40}Mg , ^{42}Mg ?



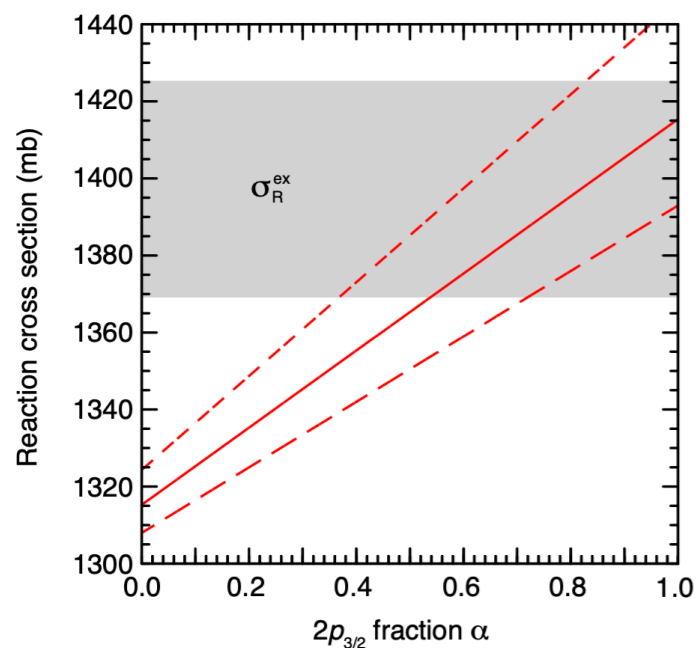
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^{29}F : Inclusive Cross Sections

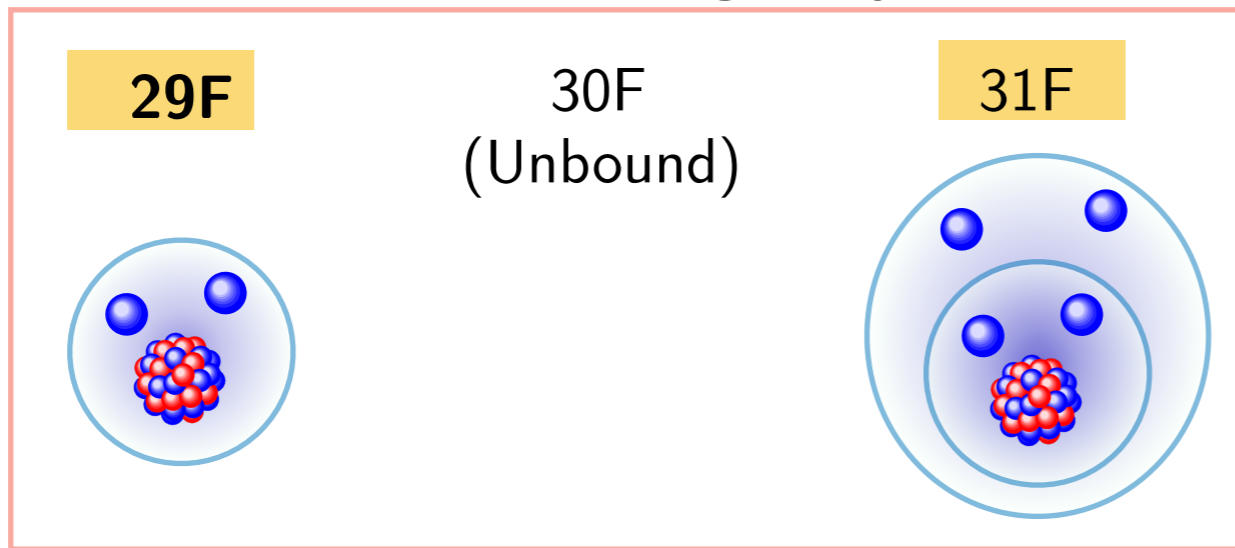
- ▶ Important p-wave contribution
- ▶ Halo radius (rms): 6.6 fm



Bagchi, PRL (2020)

Two Neutron Halo Structures: FRIB

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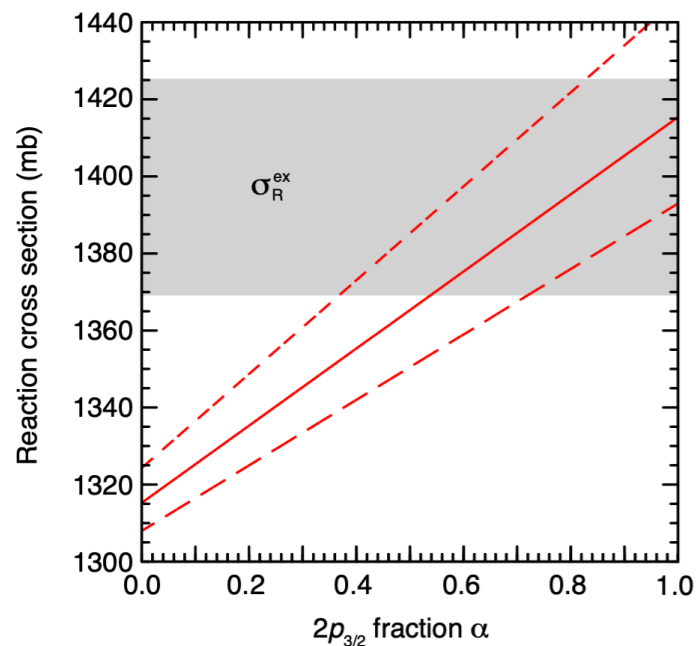
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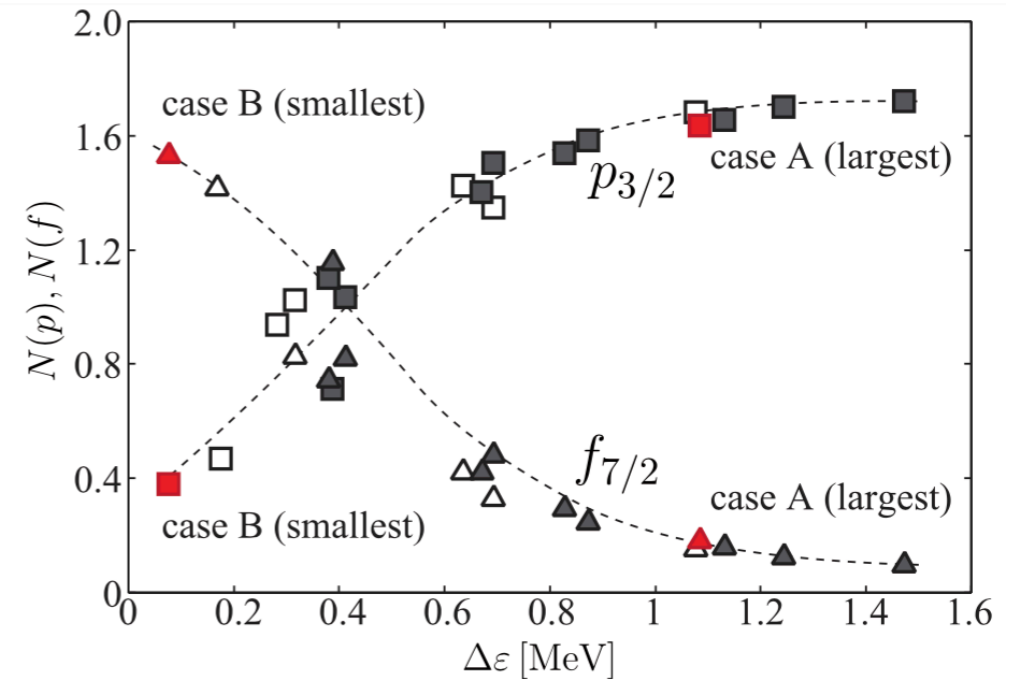
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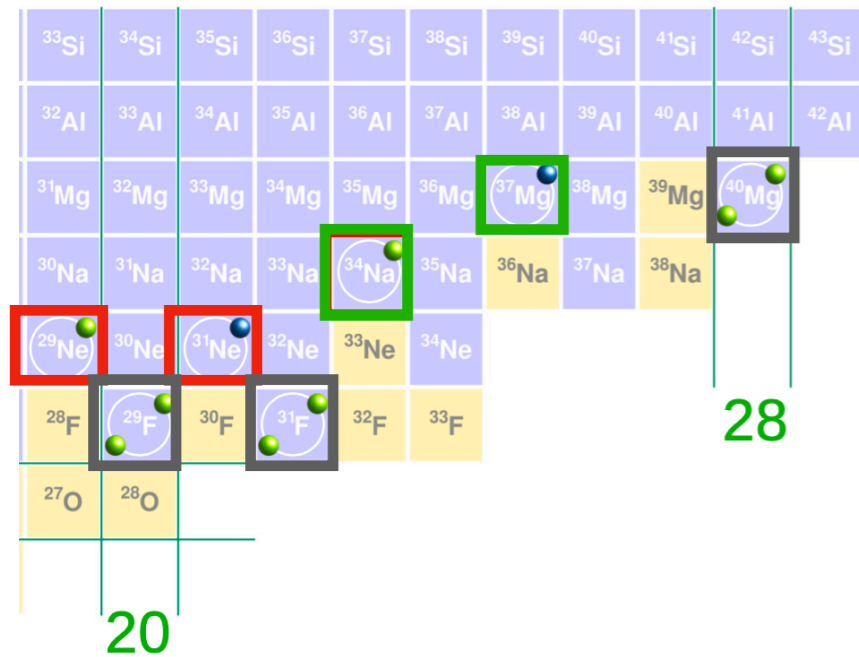
^{31}F : No Information

- ▶ 2n halo or Anti-halo effect?



Masui, PRC (2020)

Conclusions & Open Questions

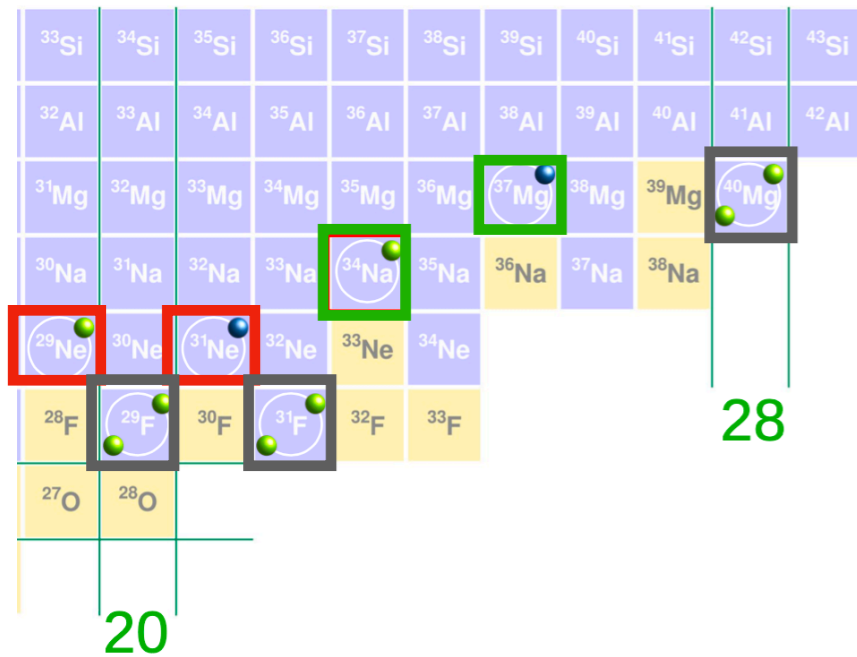


FRIB: Start program to identify and characterize halo nuclei beyond the sd shell

Halo nuclei around $N=20$ & $N=28$

- ▶ Important p-wave component, indicative of shell evolution and deformation
- ▶ Characterization of halo structure via **Coulomb Breakup reactions**
- ▶ Exclusive measurement: Sweeper+MoNA
- ▶ Observables: **Erel**, **Cross Sections**, Angular Distribution, Fragment Parallel Momentum?

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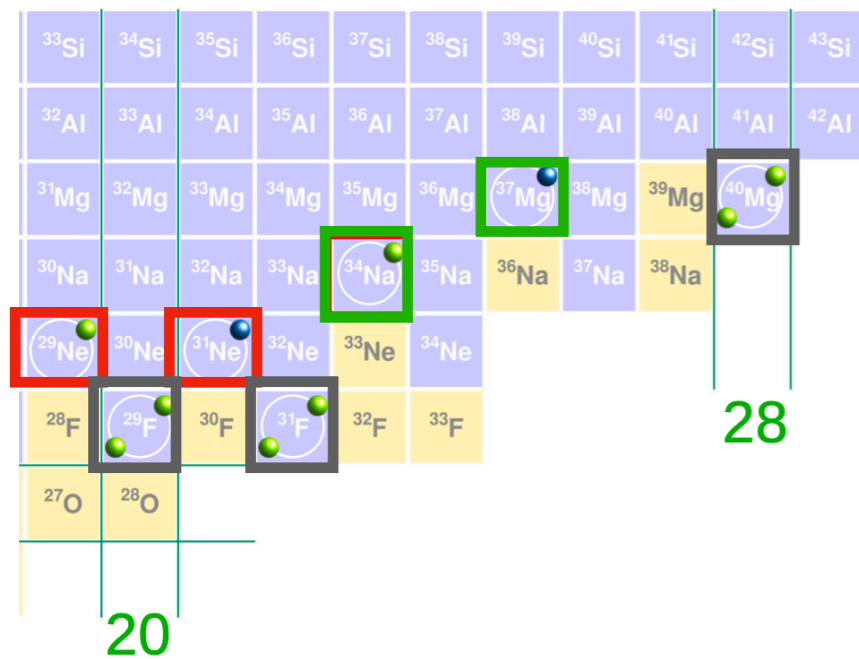
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Where to look?

- ▶ One neutron halos:
 - ▶ **PAC2 experiments: ^{37}Mg , ^{34}Na .**
 - ▶ Other candidates? ^{37}Na ?
- ▶ Two-Neutron halos:
 - ▶ **^{29}F , ^{31}F ? ^{40}Mg ?**

Conclusions & Open Questions



Where to look?

- ▶ One neutron halos:
 - ▶ **PAC2 experiments: 37Mg, 34Na**
 - ▶ Other candidates? 37Na?
- ▶ Two-Neutron halos:
 - ▶ **29F, 31F? 40Mg?**

FRIB: Start program to identify and characterize halo nuclei beyond the sd shell

Halo nuclei around $N=20$ & $N=28$

- ▶ Important p-wave component, indicative of shell evolution and deformation
- ▶ Characterization of halo structure via **Coulomb Breakup reactions**
- ▶ Exclusive measurement: Sweeper+MoNA
- ▶ Observables: **Erel, Cross Sections**, Angular Distribution, Fragment Parallel Momentum?

Fully characterization of halo structure needs theory

- ▶ Complimentary experiments focused on structure are needed: knockout, gamma spectroscopy, etc.
- ▶ **Theory is essential**
 - ▶ $dB(E1)/dE_{rel}$ depends on S_n and l value
 - ▶ Can we extract information about the **deformation**?
 - ▶ Can halos give us insight about structural changes in the region?
 - ▶ How can we investigate the 3body (or skin) **structure of 2n halos** from Coulomb breakup? Dineutron? Anti halo effect?

BACK-UP

FSI impact on cross-sections?

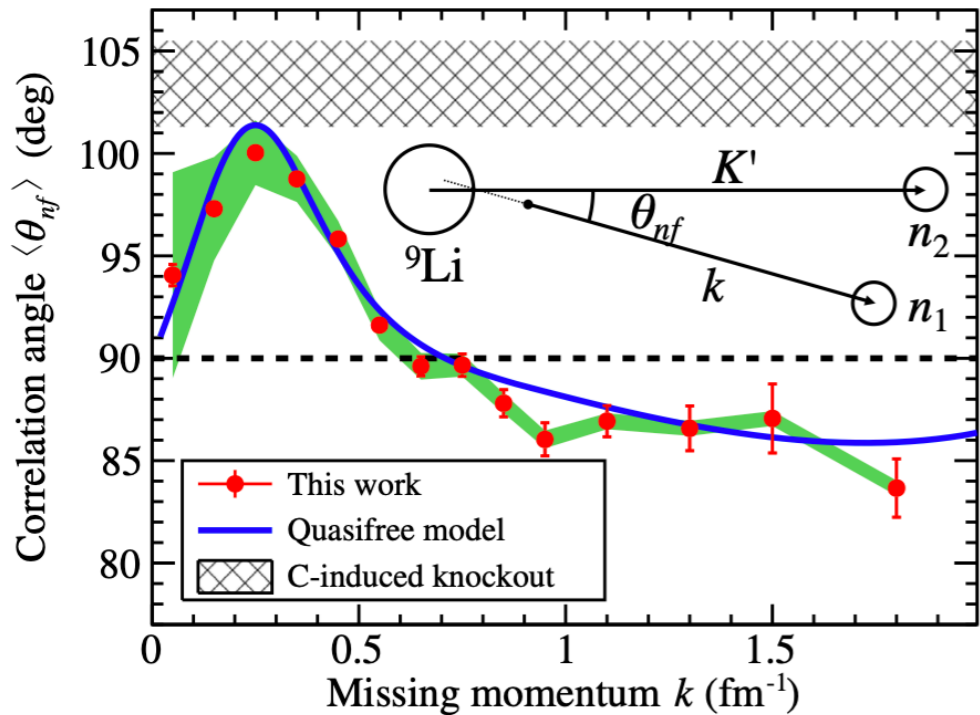


FIG. 4. Mean values of the correlation angle $\langle \theta_{nf} \rangle$ in momentum space. Red points show the data in this study. Error bars and the green line show the statistical and systematic uncertainty, respectively. The blue curve shows the quasifree model calculation. Black hatched area shows the average correlation angle obtained in a previous study [24]. Black dashed line shows the expected $\langle \theta_{nf} \rangle$ value for the two uncorrelated neutrons. Inset shows a schematic diagram of the correlation angle θ_{nf} in ^{11}Li . Black dot on the line between ^9Li and n_1 represents the center of mass of ^{11}Li .

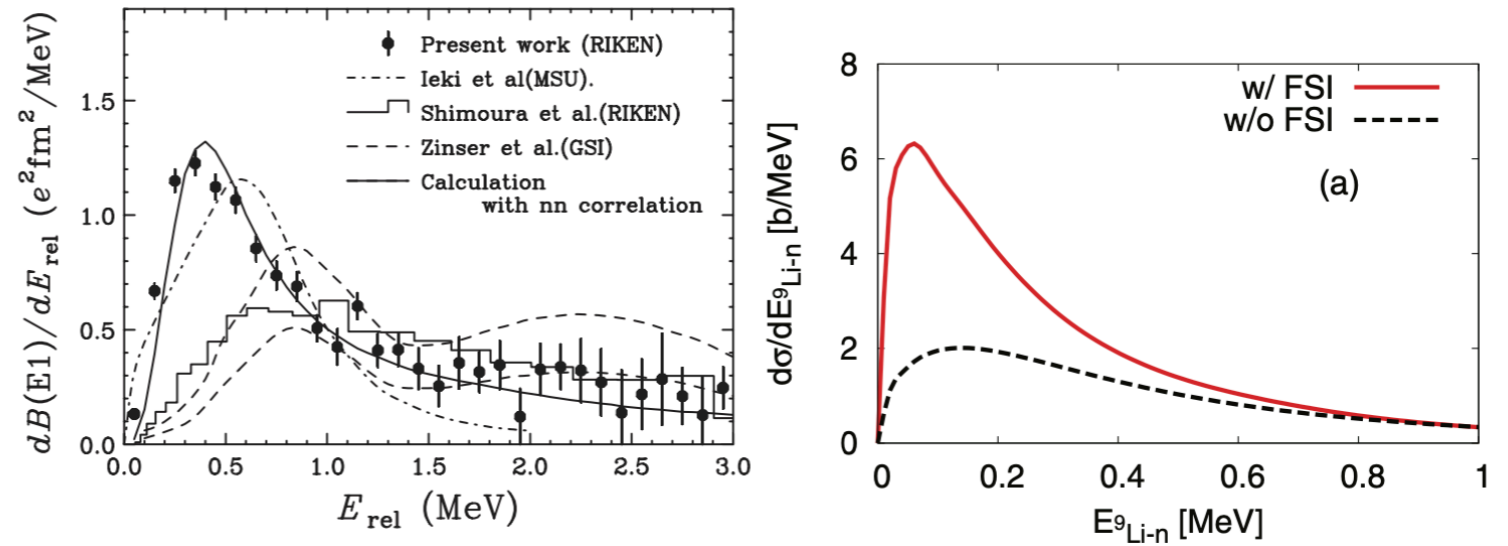


Figure 1.5: (Left) $B(E1)$ distribution from $^{11}\text{Li} + \text{Pb}$ at 70 MeV/nucleon. Taken from Ref. [40]. (Right) Calculated cross section of $^9\text{Li} + n$ system. The red solid and the black dashed curves show calculated cross sections with the final-state interaction (FSI) and those without the FSI, respectively. Taken from Ref. [23].

Spatial distribution better with **quasi-free reactions** (more transparent)