Page et al. announced the discovery of ¹⁵⁵Ta in the 2007 paper " α decay of ¹⁵⁹Re and proton emission from ¹⁵⁵Ta" (2007Pa27). Isotopically enriched ¹⁰⁶Cd was bombarded with a 300 MeV ⁵⁸Ni beam at the Jyväskylä accelerator laboratory forming ¹⁵⁹Re in the (p4n) fusion-evaporation reaction. ¹⁵⁵Ta was observed following the α decay of ¹⁵⁹Re with the RITU gas-filled separator and the GREAT spectrometer. "This α decay populates a state in the closed neutron shell nucleus ¹⁵⁵Ta, which decays by emitting 1444±15 keV protons with a half-life of $2.9^{+1.5}_{-1.1}$ ms. These values are consistent with the emission of the proton for a $\pi h_{11/2}$ orbital. These results fit in with the systematics of proton and α -particle separation energies in the region, but disagree with the previously reported decay properties of ¹⁵⁵Ta." The disagreement mentioned in the quote refers to a previous measurement of E_p = 1765(10) keV and T_{1/2} = 12⁺⁴₋₃ μ s (1999Uu01) which was incorrect.

Adapted from reference (2012Ro36)

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